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The Raleigh Tribune.
DAILY

Vol. I.—No. 13. RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24, 1897. $6.00 a Year. 5 Cents a Copy.

HAS BOTTLED BUTLER

Howard, of Alabama, Understands the Inspiration of His Unholy War on Pritchard.

HE CAN'T FOOL 'EM ANY LONGER

THE TIME WHEN BUTLER WILL HEAR THE BAND PLAY HIS DIRGE.

Democracy is His Goal and Jones Will Pay the Freight—Another Trade in Soak.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 23.

Butler's annihilation continues to delight some people here. Howard, of Alabama, says that he has analyzed the conditions that bottled Butler and fully understands the inspiration of his unholy war on Pritchard. It is plain to the Alabama Populist leader that the ambitious Butler intends to corral the Democratic party in North Carolina and succeed himself in the Senate two years hence. He sees the breakers ahead and knows that the National Populist Organization is certain to repudiate his leadership sooner than surrender to the Democratic party. He is not fooling the Populists any longer. They understand that it is only a question of mathematics when he will become a "Modernized Democrat." But wait until the Reform Press Association meets in Memphis next month and Mr. Butler will hear the band play his dirge.

Ninety-nine per cent. of the leading Populist newspapers condemn his management of the campaign and his wanton, cold-blooded sacrifice of the Populist party, and he will be made to realize soon the distinction between a trader and an honest Populist. Butler is a Democrat, and in making this assertion I mean no imputation against the Democratic party. What troubles him now is how to land on both feet in that party. But it is already a party of leaders, and generals are not in demand. The idea of Butler being a Democrat is intensely ludicrous, they say, on all the same Democracy ish is goal, and Jones will pay the freight. Straws show the drift of things. The failure of five Populist members to vote in the Tucker-Yost contested election case defeated Yost, the Republican contestant. Yost was counted out by Democratic election officials under the infamous election law. The proof of Democratic fraud was overwhelming. Nobody attempted to excuse it or defend it, yet the Populist members, Bell, Baker, Keen, Strowd and Shuford, either dodged the vote or were absent from the House.

It is due brother Martin, an honest, God-fearing Populist, to say that he voted for Yost. Honest elections is the corner-stone of the Populist faith. Where would Strowd and Shuford be but for an honest election law in North Carolina? There is one explanation. Butler has another trade in soak. A certain number of Democratic votes is necessary to elect Duboise in Idaho. Butler, as Chairman of the Populist Committee, wires the Populist members of the Idaho Legislature to stand by the Populist nominee for Senator. That is in Duboise's interest. The message means exactly the opposite of what it says. There was a compact between Butler, Jones, Faulkner and Teller to elect a Duboise Legislature in Idaho. The scheme did not materialize.

Butler is talking now at the muzzle of a Winchester. A deadlock is what the Duboise people want, because in that condition they see the only hope of Duboise's election. Duboise has signed a Republican lie-bill and is accepted as a "modernized Democrat." Butler would multiply that breed of mugwumps, and he has employed the most effective method to secure Duboise's election. But no harm will come of it. The Populists in Idaho understand Butler's game. Duboise will not be elected by Populist votes.

The talk here tonight is that Senator Butler's interference has hurt Duboise. Coming after a decisive defeat in his own State, it is believed that Idaho Populists will resent it. Duboise's friends are less hopeful of his election than at any time since the balloting began. J. B. H.

Broken Dow---Retired.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—Chief Engineer Geo. E. Tower, United States navy, who was before the naval board at the Washington navy yard this week, has been recommended for retirement. Mr. Tower's last duty was as chief engineer of the battleship Indiana, but he remained there only a short time, as he and one of his assistants broke down during the manoeuvres of the North Atlantic squadron last August, and he has been under treatment in the naval hospital ever since. The assistant was retired some months ago, but as it was thought that Mr. Tower would ultimately recover, he was continued at the hospital. His recovery has been so slow, however, that the hospital authorities came to the conclusion that it would be better for him to be ordered before a retiring board.

Mr. Tower is an officer of long service, having served during the entire period of the civil war, and has always had important duty on shore and afloat.

The Navy register just issued shows that as many as twelve engineer officers were retired during the past year, only four of them retired on account of age. That the conditions existing in the navy are such that greater strain is thrown on the engineer than on any other officers is shown by the fact that if all officers retired on causes other than age the engineer corps had 4½ per cent of its members retired, the medical corps 212 per cent, the line 2½ per cent, and the pay corps one per cent. So that it may be broadly stated that the percentage of engineer officers retired for causes other than age is twice as great as the average in the three other sea-going corps of the navy for the same causes.

A Spanish Gunboat Captured.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 22.—Havana advices received in Key West are to the effect that the Spanish gunboat Cometa has been captured and burned by the insurgents.

The Cometa was one of the most powerful of the smaller Spanish vessels in Cuban waters; has been cruising near Cardenas to prevent the landing of filibustering expeditions. For some time she has been accustomed to anchor at night off Sierra Morra. The place where the gunboat anchored was favorable for an attack from the shore, and the insurgents managed to capture her. Last Tuesday night they opened fire on the vessel with a 12 pound Hotchkiss gun. The vessel was struck several times and badly damaged. While the crew were in confusion boats loaded with insurgents left the shore, and the Cometa was boarded. A desperate hand to hand fight took place on the deck of the gunboat, the Cubans using the machter with deadly effect. Finally, after the Spanish commander and half his men had been killed, the survivors surrendered. The vessel was then burned.

Union Pacific Railroad.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 23.—In the United States Circuit Court this afternoon a petition was filed for the foreclosure of the Union Pacific railroad. The action is brought through Attorney General Harmon by direction of President Cleveland, and it is to foreclose the Government's lien on the property and also the first mortgage loan. It is asked that the master in chancery or others give a description of the property of the road liable to be sold that the value of the sinking fund be determined and provision made for turning in the money and applying it to the Goveanment's debt. If, within a reasonable time set by the court, the Government is not paid, it is asked that the property will be foreclosed. It is also provided that the time of the present affairs be extended or new ones appointed.

The "Three Friends" Libel.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 23.—In the case of the United States vs. the steamer Three Friends, libel for forfeiture for the December trip of the steamer, an order was made by Judge Locke of the United States Circuit Court this morning sustaining the exceptions of the respondents upon the same grounds as set forth in the order on the libel for the trip of last May, and the libelant was granted permission to amend the libel, and if the amendment is not filed within two days the libel is to stand dismissed. This order of the Court is considered another victory for the owners of the Three Friends, but it is probable that the government will appeal.

Accused of Filibustering.

New York, Jan. 23.—Gen. Carlos Roloff, secretary of war of the Cuban provisional government, Dr. Joseph J. Luis and Enrique Trujillo, editor of the Cuban newspaper El Porvenir, who have been accused by the Spanish consul of having aided in sending filibustering expeditions to Cuba, were before Commissioner Shields for preliminary examination today.

Champion Runner.

London, Jan. 23.—The mile championship run between Patrick Carroll, the Irish American long-distance professional runner, of Waltham, Mass., and J. Craig, the Scotch champion, took place at Boston today. The event was won by Craig with the greatest ease.

LA GRIPPE---REJOICINGS

Not Over the Grippe but Pritchard's Re-Election.

"THE TRIBUNE" AT WILMINGTON

THE DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Matrimony—Court—Criminally Accused—Cry of Fraud and Gerrymander—Incendiary Fires and Other Matters of Interest.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 23.

But little has occurred during the past week to disturb the accustomed quiet of this slumbering old municipality, and the future at this writing, apparently presents no probabilities of anything extraordinary in the shape of news. I might except an eclipse of the sun which is due here on the first day of February.

La grippe is here in full force, being epidemic throughout the city, and every physician in town has more or less cases of this kind demanding his services. Among those who have been laid up from this cause recently are Mr. Preston Cumming, Deputy Clerk of the Superior Court, and Mr. B. F. Keith, late Presidential Elector (silver) from the Sixth Congressional District. The number of la grippe cases is on the increase from last reports.

The weather during the past few days may explain, in part, the prevalence of this disagreeable malady in this bailiwick. As to that, however, I will leave the reader of THE TRIBUNE, to judge.

The week opened with rainy, dismal weather, succeeded by cold and clear, and Thursday by regular summer weather. Friday a cold wave was announced as heading this way, and lo! it is with us now. Wilmington has seen no snow this winter.

The news of Senator Pritchard's re election was received by the faithful here with great rejoicing, and some talk was heard during the week of a public demonstration to be held in honor of the event. None has materialized. I met several prominent Republicans of this place who had been to Raleigh during the contest, and they tell me the situation was red hot. All agree that the fight was too close for comfort.

THE TRIBUNE is well liked by those who have seen it in the city, and many are of the opinion that by the appearance of THE TRIBUNE in North Carolina journalism your Raleigh Democratic morning contemporary will have to play second fiddle in future, if not take a back seat altogether.

If this be true, it will be no more than the vindication of the old rule—the survival of the fittest.

No babies have been left on anybody's doorstep during the week. This is remarkable, when Wilmington's record in this respect is considered. This is one infant industry unworthy of encouragement.

The bill introduced by Mr. Sutton, of New Hanavor, in the House, calling for the establishment of two trial justices in Wilmington township, is not favored very much in this locality.

Mr. P. C. Enniss, of Raleigh, was here Thursday.

Several hops and balls have been held during the past few days.

Mr. Robert Gardner, late bookkeeper for Messrs. Hall & Pearsall, died Tuesday night from a complication of diseases. He was buried the day following in Oakdale Cemetery.

Mr. Charles E. Butters, of Hub, this State, has rented Governor Russell's house and has moved in with his family. Mr. Butters is interested in several rice plantations near here.

The local chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy held their regular monthly meeting during the week and re-elected, with one exception, the same officers for the ensuing year. Its membership numbers 56. During the year a new chapter has been formed at Raleigh, and also one at Salisbury. A convention is to be held in this city on April 26th to form a State Division of this organization. The three other chapters in the State have been invited to send delegates to this convention.

Congressman Tom Settle was here during the week, leaving Thursday for his home in Reidsville.

Mr. John A. Everett, Jr., and Miss Margaret McPherson, were married here Wednesday. They are now on a bridal tour North.

Mr. Allen B. Brown, the son of Mrs. John Kent Brown, who died a few days ago, died in Washington, D. C., the early part of the week. He was 22 years of age, and a newspaper man. He was buried here.

Mr. E. C. Robinson, formerly of this city, but who for the past three years had held a position as drug clerk with a firm in Baltimore, died suddenly in that city Thursday morning. He was buried here today.

Mr. Bernard J. McGarity and Miss Florence H. Gilbert were married Wednesday afternoon in Baltimore, the home of the bride. Mr. McGarity formerly resided here, and is known to many of our people. The couple will make their home at 2434 East Fayette street, Baltimore.

Superior Court has been in session all the week, Judge J. D. McIver presiding, and M. C. Richardson, Esq., Solicitor. Many divorce cases have been heard and decrees granted. About 80 "back-tax" cases are on the docket, but will probably have to lay over until the Supreme Court passes on the decision reached on the first "back tax" case heard this week. This case was the case of the City of Wilmington vs. Margaret Cronly et al. Verdict was rendered for defendant. Plaintiff appealed.

A case in this court which has been the cause of much comment and, incidentally, much expense to the county, is the case of the State vs. R. F. Holmes, R. F. Hamme being the prosecuting witness.

The charge against the defendant (Holmes) is assault and battery with a deadly weapon. "Tnereby hangs a tale."

On the 7th of February, 1896, the 11-year old daughter of Holmes, the defendant (colored), entered Hamme's hat store in this city to purchase a hat. Several were shown her and she selected one, saying she would call later to purchase it. Shortly afterwards she came back with her father, who was a city policeman at the time, and her father (Holmes) asked Hamme what he had done to his daughter. Hamme was astonished at the question, but told Holmes how he had laid aside a hat for the girl, which she was to call later and pay for. Holmes turned toward his daughter and told her to tell Hamme what he (Hamme) had done to her. She then accused Hamme of trying to criminally assault her. Holmes then struck Hamme and the men clinched. Holmes was about to draw his revolver when a colored Deputy Sheriff, who was with Holmes and was standing in the doorway, separated the men and prevented what might have been a murder.

The case was tried before a magistrate and the negro Holmes found guilty. Counsel D. B. Sutton appealed the case to the Superior Court, which tried the case last April. It resulted in a mistrial. Case has been continued to this term, re-tried and yesterday went to the jury. Jury were still out at this writing, having been out since 6 o'clock last night. Hamme is an ex-Confederate soldier and is well known and respected here. Public sentiment censures Holmes for assaulting Hamme solely on the irresponsible utterances of Holmes' daughter. Some have hinted that the whole affair was a conspiracy; but it seems to be conceded that Holmes' intentions were good, and that he had accepted his daughter's statement as the truth.

The bill introduced by Representative J. T. Howe in the House yesterday, to amend the charter of this city, has called forth from the local Democracy the old time honored cries of "Gerrymander," etc. The distribution of spoils is a cardinal doctrine of more parties than one. It hurts when the other fellow gets 'em, though.

Several incendiary fires have occurred here of late, and the police have been unable to find the fire bug. Yesterday morning a colored man found Harrison Pearce, or "Billy John," a negro, attempting to set fire to a residence. He was arrested and is supposed to be crazy. It is believed he is the originator of the aforesaid fires.

Today the British steamer Grathorne sailed for Bremen, Germany, with 8,680 bales of cotton, valued at $315 789.

Mr. G. Z French and Mr. F. B. Rice returned from Raleigh last night.

The Governor was expected to arrive last night, but he came not. He is looked for at 6.45 this evening.

JURY DISAGREED.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 23.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

The Hamme-Holmes jury was out fifteen hours. They could not agree and were discharged. One colored juryman was in favor of acquittal, while the eleven white men were for conviction.

$300 to the Ton Gold, Galore.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 23.—Miners who came tonight from Harrolson county, report that a bonanza vein was struck in the Royal mine Thursday afternoon. A gang was working in a cross cut, running from the 150 foot level, when a vein carrying $300 in gold to the ton was found. Work has been pushed on this night and day, and it appears to be a great find. There is much excitement in the camp. The vein on which the mine shaft goes down is $19 ore.

A Wreck—Fireman Killed.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 23.—The Passenger train from Cincinnati, south bound, on the Queen and Crescent road was wrecked at the mouth of the tunnel this morning at Nemo. The engine and mail car were wrecked. Fireman Charles Clarke, of Somerset, was killed and engineer John Fowler badly hurt. No passengers were injured.

Confessed She Murdered Her Husband.

Bristol, Tenn., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Susan Deckard, aged 40, has confessed to having murdered her husband, Jos. Deckard, whose head was split open with an axe Thursday morning. She said she did it through fear of him. She was placed in jail at Abingdon, Va., today.

KING OF THE SOUTH

Story of the Cotton Plant as Told by the Agricultural Department

IN THE INTEREST OF A GREAT INDUSTRY

VALUABLE CONTRIBUTIONS BY ACKNOWLEDGED EXPERTS.

One of the Largest Volumes Ever Issued by the Department—History, Botany, Chemistry, Culture and Uses of the South's Greatest Staple.

The 433 page bulletin on the Cotton Plant, its History, Botany, Chemistry, Culture, Enemies, and Uses, just issued by the Department of Agriculture, is probably the largest publication devoted to a single branch of agricultural industry ever issued by the Department. Cotton, as stated by Assistant Secretary Dabney in an introductory chapter devoted largely to the economics of the subject, is the principal product of eight great States and the most valuable money crop of the entire country.

While it furnishes the raw material for one of our most important manufacturing industries, it constitutes at the same time from one-fourth to one-third of our total exports. In view of such considerations this treatise has been prepared by the experts of the Department, with the collaboration of various specialists connected with the agricultural colleges and experiment stations of the South, and of a practical planter (Maj. Harry Hammond, of South Carolina), whose valuable contributions to the literature of cotton production long ago brought him into prominence.

These different writers discuss the subject, each from his own scientific or practical standpoint. The purpose of the bulletin is stated by Dr. A. C. True, Director of the Office of the Experiment Stations, under whose supervision it has been compiled, to be the presentation of such facts as would be useful to students of agriculture, to investigators at the experiment stations, and to that increasing body of intelligent agriculturists who are interested in thoroughly acquainting themselves with the past and present condition of our agricultural industries, with a view to discovering means for their improvement; and the researches of the chemist, the climatologist, the botanist, the entomologist, and other investigators are all made contributory to this important end.

The chapter on the botany of cotton, by Dr. Walter H. Evans, is concerned chiefly with the structure and varieties of the plant. Mr. J. B. McBryde, of Tennessee, and Mr. W. H Beal, of the Department, joint authors of the chapter on the chemistry of cotton, discuss the composition of the plant and the demands it makes upon the soil. Prof Milton Whitney treats of climatology and soils, using weather tables and soil analyses in explanation of the conditions most favorable to cultivation. President H. C. White, of the Georgia State College, discusses the manuring of cotton, stating the conclusions drawn from numerous experiments.

Prof. S. M. Tracy, of Mississippi, contributes a description of the principal cultivated varieties of the cotton plant, with their origin, distribution and relative values.

The diseases of cotton are discussed by Prof. G. F. Atkinson, of Cornell, and the insects which affect the cotton plant by Dr. L. O. Howard, the Department entomologist. The feeding value of cotton seed products forms the subject of an important chapter by Mr B. W. Kilgore, of North Carolina, while 88 pages are devoted to a discussion of the culture, handling, and uses of cotton by Maj. Harry Hammond. Mr. R B. Handy furnishes a chapter on the history and statistics of the industry. Most of these articles are illustrated. The volume includes a bibliography.

The publication is not available for general distribution, as the law limits the edition to a thousand copies, but the Superintendent of Documents Union Building, Washington, D. C., can supply a limited number of copies at 35 cents each, and "separates" of most of the articles will shortly be issued by the Department for miscellaneous distribution. It is, however, within the province of Congress to order a larger edition of the complete work, but no steps have been taken as yet.

In view of the limited number of copies printed, it has been suggested that every person interested in the subject write to his member of Congress and request the printing of a large edition.

Gone to Join the Squadron.

New York, Jan. 23.—The U. S. Cruiser Columbia sailed this afternoon for Hampton Roads to join the squadron there.

GUN BOAT HURRIED TO HONG KONG.

Siamese Soldiers Attack Deputy Consul General Kellett.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—The gun boat Machias has arrived at Bangkok under orders to protect American interests, having been hurried there from Hong Kong, 2,000 miles away, on receipt of official news at the State department last week of an attack by Siamese soldiers on United States Deputy Consul General Kellett. Commander McKenzie will confer with Minister Barrett, and if the circumstances warrant, a salute to the American flag will be demanded. The announcement that the Machias had been ordered to Bangkok has already had the effect of materially altering the attitude of the Siamese government to the United States. She is the first American war vessel to visit Bangkok for seven years, and the effect of her mission as soon as its character became known is reported to have been exactly as Secretary Olney decided. This information is corroborated by the immediate effort of Siam to secure a reference to arbitration of the Cheek claim, which that government has hitherto resisted all efforts to collect.

An American named Cheek entered into partnership with the Siamese government to get out teak wood, the government advancing money. On the pretense that he did not meet his obligation they seized the wood as it came down the river and sold it. Subsequently, on Cheek's death, they prevented his executors selling some of the numerous elephants he had used in the forests, and when the State Department took the matter up in 1892, Siam resisted the claim of $200,000 which was presented. The recent trouble, of which the attack on Consul General Kellett was the climax, grew out of the claim which Secretary Olney has now determined to press to a settlement. Isaac Townsend Smith, the Siamese Consul General in this country, is now in Washington asking for arbitration.

SUNDAY CIVIL BILL.

$19,000,000 Will be Needed for the Next Fiscal Year.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—A hearing was given today by the sub committee on Appropriations Committee on the sundry civil bill to the members of the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors on the proposed insertion of an appropriation in the sundry civil bill of the amount necessary for the contract work authorized in the last river and harbor bill.

Chairman Hooker of the Rivers and Harbors Committee, explained that the last bill authorized the expenditure of $59,000,000 for new work. The improvements at Buffalo, N. Y.; at Newtown Creek and Bay Ridge channel, in New York Harbor; on Cumberland sound; at Savannah, Ga., and on the Delaware harbor of refuge had already been commenced, and bids had been asked for providing for the Ohio, Allegheney and Monongahela rivers and Duluth and Milwaukee harbors. The committee estimated $19,000,000 will be needed for the next fiscal year. Some of the members of the appropriations committee think $15,000,000 will be sufficient, and an effort will be made to reduce the appropriation to that figure if the committee are satisfied the estimates of the chief engineer of the army are excessive.

Ex-Queen Lil.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—Ex-Queen Liliuokalini of Hawaii, arrived in Washington from Boston this afternoon, and is located at the Shoreham. If the ex Queen had any intention of calling upon President Cleveland today to any her respects, that purpose has been frustrated by the President's departure last night on a ducking expedition. It is not known how long the President will be absent from Washington. It is also not known how long the representatives of the late Hawaiian dynasty will remain here.

Instantly Killed.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 23.—A Special to the News and Courier from Bates burg, S. C., says Mr. Jacob Risinger, of the Hollow Creek section of Lexington county, went to Lexville this morning after a tombstone to put over the grave of his son who was killed in a railroad accident in Alabama last year. When he reached the depot he heard an engine, and in attempting to cross the track to attend to his team, he was knocked down by the engine and instantly killed.

A Panic—300 People Killed.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 23.—Advices from the Orient, per steamer Gaelic today, tell of a terrible panic in a temple at Kwongtow, China, in which 300 men, women and children perished. During a theatrical performance a lamp was broken, which set the temple on fire. The main entrance was closed and two smaller exits were also choked. Of the forty actors in the performance, four escaped.

The Mills All Running.

Lowell, Mass., Jan. 23.—There is no immediate prospect of a curtailment of mill production here, either for short hours or shut down. All the mills are running. Some, it is said, are running at a loss, but, notwithstanding this, there seems to be no sentiment favoring curtailment and none in favor of reduction of wages.

Tenth Ballot—No Result.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 23.—The tenth ballot for United States Senator, taken in the House today, was without result. The vote was: Turner, 21; Clute, 35; Squire, 5; Daniels, 6; Denny, 23; Winsor, 7; absentees, 7; scattering, 3.

The President Duck Shooting.

Fredericksburg, Va., Jan. 23.—President Cleveland and party are shooting duck this morning with Col. Waller, at Widewater. They arrived early on the steamer Maple. So far the sport has been fine.

FOR OUR YOUNG MEN

Work of the Young Men's Christian Association During Past Year.

EIGHT NEW DIRECTORS ELECTED

DATA FROM THE REPORT OF THE GENERAL SECRETARY.

Support Not as Liberal as It Ought to Be—Secretary Reports Progress and is Hopeful for the Future.

The Board of Directors of the Young Men's Christian Association held a meeting in the Association rooms last evening at 7.30. Nine directors were present.

The meeting was called for the purpose of hearing the Secretary's report and electing directors in the places of those whose terms have expired. Messrs. C. P. Wharton, C. M. Busbee, W. J. Young and Dr. R. H. Lewis were re-elected. Messrs. A. F. Bowen, C. B. Hart and Roscoe Nunn were elected, vice B. R. Lacey, C. G. Latta and W. S. Primrose. Mr. N. B. Broughton resigned, although his term had not expired, and Rev. B. W. Spillman was elected to fill the vacancy. The organization of the new board was postponed until Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

The report of the General Secretary, Mr. W. H. Overton, was somewhat encouraging. It is a lamentable fact which must be admitted that the people of Raleigh have not shown the interest in our Y. M. C. A. which it merits. The funds are still inadequate and the usefulness of the association is impaired by the want of some things necessary to its thorough equipment; and yet the association begins the year 1897 in a better condition than it was the first of last year. The good people of Raleigh have only to familiarize themselves with the great work this organization is doing and its every need will be supplied. The association now numbers 296 members. It should have at least 500.

The secretary says in his report: "It is a source of satisfaction to me, at least, that the work is receiving from the community a better support financially and otherwise; and as we look forward we can but wish that this work, which is so closely allied to all churches, and which should interest every family in this community, may have the heartiest sympathy, support and prayers of the people. The great aim of the work is the salvation of men, and in all the so-called secular work we have not forgotten, or lost sight of, the opportunity to present Jesus Christ as a personal Savior."

The special aim of the association is to reach the young men; hence 41 meetings were held on Sunday afternoons with an attendance of 1,244. Special services have also been conducted several times in the Raleigh and Gaston reading room for the railroad men.

Proceeding, Mr. Overton says: "In the social work, we have provided five public receptions, one concert and two practical talks, at which there has been an attendance of 863. Our informal method of conducting these enjoyable occasions of music and song has proven one of the best things in bringing to us help and good wishes for the work. * * * The physical department has been perhaps the most fruitful of results, for it has furnished a clean place for good body building and systematic work, and if more of the young men of our city would avail themselves of the privilege of intelligent physical exercise, there would be fewer dyspeptics and less indigestion roaming unhappily through our streets."

A bicycle club was organized last summer and was thoroughly enjoyed by all who participated in it.

The remainder of the Secretary's report is of a statistical nature, showing the detail work of the association.

In regard to the number of visitors the Secretary says: "The attendance at the rooms has been on the increase as well as on the decrease. Increase in the quality and quantity of some men and decrease of the crowd that used to make reading almost an impossibility by their ungentlemanly manners. The total visits to the rooms for all purposes was 19,844, and with these facts to face you, let me ask, where would this attendance have gone had there been no place provided for their welfare?"

The treasurer reports that the past year the receipts and expenditures have both amounted to $1,576.34. The unpaid bills against the association amount to $430.23, while there are $396.90 due in subscriptions.

Finally the secretary says in closing: "I would say that while we present some facts accomplished in connection with the work, we are not able to include in a report of this kind all the little items of interest. The personal work which must necessarily be done would bear testimony to sympathy, advice and help given to young men in their battle against the world, the flesh, and the devil; and not until the great record book in Heaven shall be opened can we tell just how much has been accomplished for the young men of this city."

Let all the citizens of Raleigh join in an effort to make the Y. M. C. A. the very best in the State before the close of the year 1897.

Young in Hamlet.

Mr. James Young, who has been seen in Raleigh in Shakespearian plays, will visit the city on Tuesday evening, playing Hamlet at the Metropolitan Opera House. This great tragedy affords ample scope for fine artistic acting and as Hamet, the Prince, Mr. Young does some effective work. He has an attractive personalty, and injects into his lines a fire and energy, born of youth, genius, and ambition, that wins for him an intense sympathetic interest, which never flags as his audience follows him from scene to scene through the thickening plot of the play. Having a high conception of his art it is quickly noticeable that he brings out prominently many pretty points in the play which the average actor overlooks. In his work he is happily aided by Miss Rida Louise Johnson, a handsome and talented young lady who sustains the difficult role of "Ophelia" with much earnestness and grace.

THE SCOTTISH REFORMATION

Under the Auspices of the Ladies of Good Shepherd Church at Academy of Music Next Thursday and Friday Evenings, at 8 O'clock.

With flashing lights, beautiful costumes, clever marches, good singing and beautiful stereopticon views Mrs. H. E. Monroe will present her lecture drama entitled the "Scottish Reformation."

The chorus of fifty voices in the processionals will be one of the delightful features of the evening.

Miss McPheeters and Mr. Sam Young as Puritans will lead the processionals, followed by other Puritan men and maids, Scottish Guards, Scottish lads and lassies representing the different clans of Scotland.

The second scene is one between Puritan men and students as they meet to go to Leith to meet their queen. The gentlemen in this scene are Sam Young, N. H. Overton, C. A. Johnsgn, H. D. Weir, J. W. Cooper, E. B. Roberts and Wm. J. Young, Jr., as Puritans. The students are Joseph J. Watson, A. C. Mitchell, Al Bynum, Victor Boyden, —— Mosley, Furman Betts and Telfair Hall. The singing in this scene will consist of the old covenanter hymn.

The court scene is the most brilliant and effective of the evening, consisting of the trial and banishment of John Knox by Queen May.

Miss Anna Belle Mitchell will personate Queen Mary, and in the presence of her royal court hear the defense of John Knox, who will be ably represented by Prof. Massey.

H. S. Bachelor will act the part of Lord Dornby, husband to the Queen; W. H. Overton as Lord James Stuart, brother to the Queen; Joseph T. Watson as Lord Letherington, A. C. Mitchell as Sir Erskin of Dun, Thos. Bush as English Gentlman, A. B. Andrews as Spanish Minister, Dr. A. Royster as French Minister, Mayor Russ and T. R. Powell as priest, James Higgs and Paul Pittinger as pages, are the names of some of the gentlemen of the court. The ladies are Miss Robins, Miss Maud Merriman, Miss Janie Ward, Mrs. Holliday, Mrs. Dr. Bobbett and Mrs. Simmons. Miss Robins and Miss Merriman will each sing a solo to cheer the Queen.

The military effect in this is very fine, consisting of a detail of Knight Templars, one detail of Governor's Guard and a detail of A. & M. College cadets. The scene of Mary on her way to execution is a very touching and interesting sight.

The ladies of the Good Shepherd church are much encouraged by the good words of cheer from all their friends and are expecting a crowded house.

AT THE ACADEMY.

The Funny Play "A Pair of Jacks" Monday Night.

An unusually strong attraction has been secured for this city in Rich & Maeder's Comedians, which will present H. Grattan Donnelly's merry farce comedy, "A Pair of Jacks," for the first time in this city. "A Pair of Jacks" has been before the American public for the last five years and has made thousands of sad hearts merry. The play has been entirely re-written this season and is now funnier than ever. Its breezy originality, clear-cut, incisive diction, wealth of music, pretty girls, and specialties, and above all, its powerful list of performers, make it unequalled in the farce comedy line. The fun is described as being fast and furious, but of a select and refined order. The dance of "Bacchantes" is entirely new and never fails to create a sensation whenever seen.

Those who want to laugh should see "A Pair of Jacks" at the Academy of Music Monday night. It is a splendid comedy by a splendid company.

Encourage Home Institutions.

A bill was introduced yesterday to incorporate the "Piedmont Fire Insurance Company," of Charlotte, N. C., with a paid up capital of $100,000. The Piedmont will take the place of the Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Charlotte, which latter company has just closed the second year of its most successful business. The new company, with its capital fully paid up and operating on the basis of a regular stock company, with no assesment feature, will have among its stockholders some of the most influential and wealthy of the citizens of the State. When it is considered that over a million dollars is paid annually to fire insurance companies operating in North Carolina, and less than $100,000 of this amount is paid to home companies, the promoters of the Piedmont Fire Insurance Company are congratulated, and they should be given every encouragement. If they are successful the people can keep at home some of the money paid to foreign corporations, which is a very heavy drain on the State.

REX HOSPITAL.

Miss Bessie Mordecai Elected Head Nurse.

Miss Bessie Mordecai has been elected head nurse at Rex Hospital in the place of Miss Wyche, who has gone to another city. Miss Mordecai is the daughter of Mr. Sam. Mordecai of this city. She began as a nurse at the hospital several years ago and has rapidly risen in her profession, so that for the past year or two she has not been able to meet all the demands made upon her. Her gentle, quiet and yet firm nature has especially adapted her to this work, and the hospital is to be congratulated on the selection.

Much interest is being manifested in the educational address by Dr. J. M. L Curry on tomorrow, to be delivered before the General Assembly. The galleries will be opened to the public and indications are that Dr. Curry will be greeted by a large gathering of visitors as well as legislators.

INSTRUCTING THE SIGHTLESS

PATH OF THE INSTRUCTOR BESET WITH DIFFICULTIES.

Interesting Discussion of the Problem by a Teacher of the Blind.

The following article, written by Mr. W. T. Reaves, a teacher in the Institution for the Blind in this city, has been handed to THE TRIBUNE for publication:

INDIVIDUAL EFFORT.

It is our duty to prepare our pupils to be self supporting and happy after they leave the institution. This is impossible to do for some of them, and very difficult to do for all, but the greater the difficulty the greater our responsibility, and it becomes each one of us to inquire how he can do his full duty to those under his charge.

There are no laws of education which can be applied with equal success in all cases. To assert that there are such laws would be to assert that all pupils are equal in possibility for mental development. We have for our guidance, however, a few well-known principles, the chief one of which, in my opinion, is that a young man's success in school and afterwards depends upon his own efforts.

Our pupils are individuals and have their own way of viewing things. Each has his faculties, which it is our duty to help him to train and to develop. I say help, for we cannot educate a child without effort on his part; and to excite this effort should be the principal aim of a teacher.

We have to deal with those who have one avenue to the mind closed, and whose minds and bodies are weakened by neglect and dependence. This makes our work, while more difficult, infinitely more needed than that of other teachers. We should, therefore, approach it in the spirit of our Master; for, while we shall find many a disappointment and many a cause for heartache, we shall also find that the minds of children will respond to sympathy and love as they will to nothing else.

We cannot have the same quiet and order that may be had with seeing children. To do so would discourage self activity. We must teach through the ear and the touch; and, to keep up interest and attention, we must allow frequent change of position and freedom to ask questions at will. Frivolous questions may be checked; but we ought to answer, if possible, all questions that are prompted by a desire for knowledge. Time thus spent is well spent, for a child by his questions gives us some light into his mental workings, and enables us to fit our instruction to his needs.

Discipline is indispensable, for to know how to obey is an important part of education; but while a spirit of disobedience or rebellion should be promptly dealt with, a teacher who has complete control of himself and who loves his pupils can control most of them with very little difficulty.

Since the personal appearance of our pupils depends, in a great measure, their success in life, we should teach them to keep themselves scrupulously neat, and to guard against forming odd habits. We can help them to rid themselves of such habits when already formed by showing them the necessity of doing so, and by a quiet and kindly reminder fifty times a day if necessary. Kindness and sympathy will succeed best in dealing with these faults, while harshness or ridicule would be cruel.

To speak correctly is so important that we should begin to attend to the language of each pupil as soon as he enters school and continue to do so as long as he is with us.

We ought to give object lessons when practicable. A great deal is done in this way by our Kindergarten; but some of us have long felt the need of a variety of objects, natural history specimens, etc., to be handled and examined by the pupils. The examination of the object under consideration often brightens a lesson, and gives clearer ideas than it is possible to give otherwise. This want is felt in a great many academies and colleges for the seeing. Our need is much greater.

We wish to teach our pupils the usefulness of the information we impart; we wish to teach them to love reading and to concentrate all the powers of their mind upon any subject they are trying to master; and we wish to inspire in them an insatiable desire for learning. But how? This is a question which has engaged the attention of the teaching profession for the last four centuries; and which each teacher must try to solve for himself. Upon his success in this effort depends his success as a teacher.

Now let us imagine a graduating class who have been reasonably successful in school, and are now ready to receive their diplomas. They are neat in appearance, pleasing in address, and clear and correct in their language. Their minds are well trained and their morals are good. They are not egotistic, but are self-reliant, and are filled with the spirit of the following lines from Shakespeare:

"Heaven doth with us as we with torches do;
Not light them for themselves; for if our virtues
Did not go forth of us, 'twere all alike,
As if we had them not. Spirits are not finely touched,
But to fine issues; nor Nature never lends
The smallest scruple of her excellence;
But, like a thrifty goddess, she determines
Herself the glory of a creditor,
Both thanks and use."

These pupils go out from us glowing with ambition to succeed in life. Does our duty to them end here?

A family, giving their names as Wilson, arrived here yesterday afternoon from New York city and called upon Secretary Overton at the Y. M. C. A. for direction for securing board. Mr Wilson told Secretary Overton that they came here to conduct mission work and would probably be in the city some time. The family consists of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, a son and a daughter, both grown. The Wilson family have a tent for gospel meetings.

State University.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., Jan. 23.

The State Association of Graded School Superintendents will meet in Chapel Hill on Monday. The change of the time, from December to January, and of the place to Chapel Hill, was made in honor of the inauguration of President Alderman, who was for several years Superintendent of the Graded Schools at Goldsboro.

The inauguration ceremonies will begin on Wednesday, the 27th, at 12 o'clock. Mr. R. H. Wright will deliver an address on behalf of the students, and Dr. Kemp P. Battle will speak on behalf of the faculty. President Alderman will then be inductad into office by His Excellency Governor Russell. Congratulatory addresses will be delivered by President William R. Harper of the University of Chicago and Professor Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, New York. After these Dr. Alderman will deliver his inaugural address. Hon. Thos. S. Kenan, President of the Alumni Association, will be the presiding officer of the occasion. The Glee and Mandolin Clubs will furnish the music. Reduced rates will be offered on the railroads for the occasion.

The faculty have arranged for a series of public lectures to be delivered during the spring term in Gerrard Hall. The list is as follows: January 28, Dr. Battle, "The Constitution of North Carolina for the Past Hundred Years;" February 12, Professor Harrington, "A Day in Rome;" February 26, Professor Gore, "The History of the Calendar;" March 12, Dr. Hume, "The Making of the English Bible;" March 26, Dr. Wilson, "A Zoological Trip to the Bahamas;" April 9, Dr. Ball, "Homer;" April 23, Professor Williams, "Philosophy and Life;" May 7, Professor Cobb, "Living Lakes and Dead Seas." These lectures will no doubt be of great benefit both to the student body and to the townspeople.

Two peculiar wagons attracted much attention on the street yesterday. They were occupied by a man and two boys who said that they were farmers from Georgia, and indeed they looked like typical Georgia crackers. They inquired the way to Franklinton from here. The first wagon was used for a living room while the other was rigged up for a kitchen.

FOR

Commercial Printing
County Supplies
Blank Books

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CAPITAL PRINTING CO.
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Apples

A carload of best varieties Western New York Apples just received and for sale low by the barrel or load.

POTATOES!

A carload of the nicest Michigan White Potatoes at 60c. per bushel. One cent per pound by the bag of 3 bushels.

COAL

From the best mines in America continues to come in and go out "Like Hot Cakes."

WOOD

Cut any length and promptly delivered.

Corn, Oats, Bran.

Hay! Hay!! Five carloads of fine quality of Prime Timothy and choice mixed at rock bottom prices.

JONES & POWELL
RALEIGH, N. C.

Do You
Want Any
Of These?

They are Specialties.

Pork and Beans with Tomato Sauce is something you haven't used.

Asparagus—Seal brand, and others.

Tomato Bouillon, in glass.

Evaporated California Fruit—the nicest line to be had.

Golden Gate Canned Goods. My stock is absolutely complete.

My own special importation of Java and Mocha Coffee in handsome package.

Welch's Grape Juice—something new—a non-alcoholic wine—for invalids.

The whole of The Tribune could be used to enumerate all the good things the store contains, for you know I am the leader in the grocery business.

THOMAS PESCUD.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
—AT—
ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.'S,
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS
RALEIGH, N. C.

Send us your orders for anything you need in our line. The Oldest House in the State Largest Stock in the State. Lowest Prices in the State.

☞Prompt attention always.

Alfred Williams & Co.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL,

Corner Wilmington and Hargett Streets, half block from Fayetteville Street, one block south of Capitol Square.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Has Been Thoroughly Cleaned
Newly Furnished,

And now offers to both Transient and Regular Boarders first class fare at moderate prices.

A. J. JONES, Manager.

WE SHALL

Have no need of the Chinaman of the future if every American laundryman will supply the proper kind of work.

We can launder your linen much better, much whiter (without the use of chemicals), finish the bosom much finer style, and we won't charge you any more, and we will send them home minus the buttons, either.

Prompt Delivery. Drop a Postal in our Wagon.

OAK CITY STEAM LAUNDRY,
216 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C. PAGE & MARSHALL, Proprietors.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILROAD.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect December 20, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 2, Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	7:50 a m
Ar. Fayetteville	11:00 a m
Lv. Fayetteville	11:21 a m
Lv. Fayetteville Junction	11:27 a m
Lv. Sanford	1:00 p m
Lv. Climax	2:55 p m
Ar. Greensboro	3:25 p m
Lv. Greensboro	3:35 p m
Lv. Stokesdale	4:23 p m
Lv. Walnut Cove	4:55 p m
Lv. Rural Hall	5:26 p m
Ar. Mt. Airy	6:56 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 1, Daily.
Lv. Mt. Airy	8:40 a m
Lv. Rural Hall	10:04 a m
Lv. Walnut Cove	10:32 a m
Lv. Stokesdale	11:07 a m
Ar. Greensboro	11:55 a m
Lv. Greensboro	12:15 p m
Lv. Climax	12:43 p m
Lv. Sanford	2:55 p m
Ar. Fayetteville Junction	4:12 p m
Ar. Fayetteville	4:18 p m
Lv. Fayetteville	4:35 p m
Ar. Wilmington	7:45 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 4, Daily.
Lv. Bennettsville	8:30 a m
Ar. Maxton	9:40 a m
Lv. Maxton	9:50 a m
Lv. Red Springs	10:18 a m
Lv. Hope Mills	11:01 a m
Ar. Fayetteville	11:19 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 3, Daily.
Lv. Fayetteville	4:28 p m
Lv. Hope Mills	4:49 p m
Lv. Red Springs	5:36 p m
Ar. Maxton	6:09 p m
Lv. Maxton	6:17 p m
Ar. Bennettsville	7:25 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 16, Mixed. Daily, ex. Sun.
Lv. Ramseur	6:45 a m
Lv. Climax	8:35 a m
Ar. Greensboro	9:20 a m
Lv. Greensboro	9:35 a m
Lv. Stokesdale	11:07 a m
Ar. Madison	11:55 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 15, Mixed. Daily, ex. Sun.
Lv. Madison	12:30 p m
Lv. Stokesdale	1.28 p m
Lv. Greensboro	2:40 p m
Lv. Greensboro	3:25 p m
Lv. Climax	4:20 p m
Ar. Ramseur	6:05 p m

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville, with Atlantic Coast Line for all points north and east; at Sanford, with the Seaboard Air-Line; at Greensboro, with the Southern Railway Company; at Walnut Cove, with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem.

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points north and east; at Greensboro, with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points north and east; at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points south; at Maxton, with the Seaboard Air-Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points south and southwest.

J. W. FRY, Gen. Mgr. W. E. KYLE, Gen. Pass Agt.

S. A. L.

Vestibuled Limited Trains
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE, RICHMOND, WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON, NEW YORK

Schedule in Effect November 1st, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH

1:26 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule for Henderson, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points north. Buffet drawing-room sleepers and coaches Atlanta to Washington, parlor cars Washington to New York. Pullman sleeping car Monroe to Portsmouth. Arrives at Washington 10:40 a. m., Baltimore 12 noon, Philadelphia 2:05 p. m., New York 4:53 p. m. Also Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point and local stations Seaboard & Roanoke railroad.

11:31 A. M. DAILY.

For Henderson, Weldon, Portsmouth, Norfolk and intermediate stations, connects at Portsmouth with Bay Line for Old Point and Baltimore with Norfolk and Washington steamboat Company for Washington; N. Y. P. & N. Railroad for Philadelphia and points north; also at Weldon with Atlantic Coast line for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and with Scotland Neck road for Greenville, Washington and Portsmouth.

Pullman sleeping car Atlanta to Portsmouth.

6:00 P. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule for Southern Pines, Hamlet, Wilmington, Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby, Chester, Clinton, Greenwood, Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Columbia, Macon, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and all points south and southwest through Pullman Buffet sleepers and coaches Washington and Atlanta, connecting directly at Union depot, Atlanta, with diverging lines; also Pullman sleeping car Portsmouth to Monroe.

3:40 P. M. DAILY.

For Wilmington, Charlotte, Columbia, Greenwood, Athens, Atlanta and all intermediate stations. Connects at Monroe station, Atlanta, with diverging lines. Pullman sleeping car Portsmouth to Atlanta.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH

3:40 P. M. DAILY.

From Norfolk, Portsmouth and points north via Bay Line and N. Y. P. & N. Railroad, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston; also from Weldon, Norfolk, Old Point, Portsmouth, Plymouth, Washington, N. C., and Eastern Carolina points via Weldon.

1:21 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule from Atlanta and points south, Augusta, Abbeville, Greenwood and Chester.

11:26 A. M. DAILY.

From Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and intermediate stations.

5:55 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" from Norfolk, Portsmouth, Henderson, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the east.

Magnificent Pullman vestibuled trains. No extra fare.

Apply to ticket agent, or to

H. S. LEARD, Sol. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
V. E. McBEE, General Superintendent.

Are you working for the Bicycle? Others are.

Don't let them get ahead of you. All can work.

DO YOU WANT A WHEEL

Read the offer below. THE RALEIGH DAILY TRIBUNE will give a

Handsome Bicycle

TO SOME SMART, HUSTLING BOY OR GIRL.

It is not something you can get for nothing, but it will take some work, a little patience and a little time.

To the boy or girl who solicits and brings or sends to this office the names of the greatest number of subscriptions by APRIL 1, 1897, THE TRIBUNE will give a

HANDSOME BICYCLE

To the boy or girl who brings the second greatest number THE TRIBUNE will give

A SILVER WATCH.

THE CONDITIONS.

Each Name must be accompanied by Fifty Cents for one month's subscription. If a subscription is for three months, it will count as three names; for six months, six names, etc.

All subscriptions must be given to the office the day the party subscribes, so that the paper will start at once. Subscriptions out of the city count as well as in the city.

Those Who Wish to Compete

Can get blanks at **THE TRIBUNE** office, 122 Fayetteville Street. Call at any time—the earlier the better, so you will get started quick.

Ten Per Cent. of all subscriptions received by boys and girls, who do not get a prize, will be paid them, so

Their Work Will Not Be For Naught.

MONEY AND TRADE

With Cheap Money and Fewer Debts than any Time Since the Panic, the Chances Favor a

REVIVAL OF BUSINESS ON SOLID BASIS

GENERAL COMMERCIAL AND BUSINESS REVIVAL

May Be Looked For With Certainty — The McKinley Boom a-Booming — Protection, Sound Money and Prosperity.

New York, Jan. 23.—The New York Financier says this week: There is no cessation of the movement of money into the New York banks, the reserve increase for the week having been $4,895,375, which brings the total excess reserve to $57,067,800, the highest reported in over two years.

The increase in deposits alone was $6,063,300 and this largely increased the reserve liability. The actual gain in cash was $6,418,600, which exceeds the deposit increase.

The decrease of $1,060,500 in loans shows the small demand for funds at prevailing bank rates of 2 per cent., but on the other hand there is reason to believe that there has been some closing of sterling exchange operations, which have largely increased the loan item of the New York banks, and thus an apparent decrease in loans might be shown in the face of domestic borrowing. In other words, the latter is not on as large a scale as the exchange realizing.

While the banks are holding to their two per cent. loan agreement, it is rumored that some of them have already, or will soon, reduce the rate on current balances to 1½ per cent. The statement as a whole is an interesting indication of the results which have been forming for months.

The contraction in business previous to election, the heavy export sales and the liquidation in all lines has forced on New York an immense fund of idle money, attracted in many cases by the small interest paid on balances. Of course, the piling up of this money could not occur were business active, but there are signs that capital is becoming restive and is endeavoring to seek channels where it can find returns.

With cheap money and fewer debts outstanding than at any time since the panic, the chances favor a revival of business on a sure foundation.

It will be recalled that the bond sales of the past few years furnished an opportunity to relieve the banks of a large amount of idle money, but no such outlet can be looked for now. The money must lie where it is or go into investments of another character.

The recent rapid rise in gilt-edged securities like government bonds emphasizes the point that money is seeking a profitable field, but this is a narrow one and will have to be expanded. Then a general commercial and industrial revival may be looked for with certainty.

The Cruiser Detroit on the China Station.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—The Navy Department finally admitted today that the cruiser Detroit, now on the China Station, would leave for home about February 9th, proceeding to New York via the Suez Canal. It had been known for some time that the ship was coming home, and it had been understood that she would cross the Pacific direct to San Francisco, the nearest home port, as usual with vessels from the Asiatic squadron, but that her officers and men were to be exposed to the ravages of the Bubonic plague by the absolutely essential stops for coal at infected East Indian ports, including those on the Red Sea, where healthy conditions never exist, created astonishment in official circles. The orders to the Detroit were issued before the extent of the plague was realized, having gone forward by mail, and in explanation of the fact that the ship is ordered over 13,000 miles instead of 4,500 miles to San Francisco, it is said that the Detroit is needed for the North Atlantic fleet, and the Suez route is shorter to New York. The feasible itinerary of the Detroit at Hagasak homeward is as follows: Shanghai 500 miles; Hong Kong, 820; Singapore, 1,440; Colombo, 1,560; Aden, 2,130; Suez, 1,320; Malta, 950; Gibralta, 980; New York via Azores, 3,170.

Silver Certificates in Demand.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—The Secretary of the Treasury has informed the Senate that unless immediate steps are taken to increase the delivery of silver certificates of small denominations by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing the stock of such certificates in the Treasury will be so depleted as to prevent the redemption of the denominations usually called for by the banks. He recommends an appropriation of $16,000 for increasing the force to keep up with the demand.

Nothing can exceed the power of the voice of a perfect orator. Edward Everett, whose own utterance was such an entrancing spell, declared that Webster's voice was the most melodious that ever issued from human lips. Henry Clay's voice was called a band of music. Beecher's was a trumpet or a lute at will. George William Curtis's voice was "a harp of a thousand strings."

PENSIONS AND MONEY

THE SENATE DID A LITTLE LAND OFFICE BUSINESS YESTERDAY.

$50,000 For a Statue of Abraham Lincoln—The Pacific Railroad and Nicaragua Canal Bill.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—The Senate devoted itself today to the business of clearing the calendar of pension bills and of other bills to which no objection was offered. Of the former all were passed, without a single exception. There were 104 of them, and it required only 95 minutes to dispose of them. Of the latter class of bills there were some 30 passed including the following:

Appropriating $15,000 for the heirs of three Italians killed by mob violence in Colorado in March, 1891; to reclassify postal railway clerks.

Appropriating $50,000 for a statue of Abraham Lincoln at Gettysburg, Pa.; to pay to the heirs of John Roach $330,000 for the occupation of his shops and yards by gunboats.

Appropriating $100,000 additional for the public building at Norfolk, Va.

Authorizing the erection of a public building at Tampa, Fla.

Appropriating $70,000 for a light house at the mouth of Cape Fear river, near Wilmington, N. C.

Appropriating $5,000 to the Cumberland Female College, McMinnville, Tennesse, for use of buildings during the civil war.

Appropriating $8,000 for Messrs Rhea and Anderson for cotton used by the Union forces during the war.

House bill authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Rio Grande river at El Paso, Texas.

Senate bill giving to the court of claims jurisdiction of the claims of Warren Hall for cotton seized during the war.

The Union Pacific railroad compromise arrangement was the subject of a resolution offered by Mr. Allen (Pop., Neb.) and agreed to without objection, calling on the attorney general for a statement of the terms of the settlement and of the personnel of the re-organization committee.

The President was requested through another resolution, offered by Mr. Morgan, to furnish the Senate with copies of all correspondence and of all communications relating to the Nicaragua canal with the government of Nicaragua since 1887.

These two resolutions were the only matters that came before the Senate today outside of the pension and other bills already mentioned.

At 4:05 o'clock the Senate adjourned till Monday.

The vote cast for Henry George in the Senatorial contest was small and unimportant—just like Mr. George's judgment as a political guesser.

THIS IS A RECORD BREAKER

STUCK IN THE SNOW—BELOW ZERO AND FALLING, FALLING.

Trains Snow Bound and Snow Plows Stuck Fast—No Rise in Temperature Expected for at Least Three Days.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 23.—The temperature in the Northwest has been dropping all day, and tonight it is excessively cold from Bismarck to St. Paul. It is 12 degrees below zero here tonight in St. Paul, with the prospect of a further drop of 10 or 12 degrees before day light. No rise in temperature is expected for at least three days. Trains are moving irregularly.

The State treasurer of South Dakota, with nearly $280,000, under a guard of militia, is stuck in the snow thirty miles east of Pierre. This cash is being taken back to the banks from which it was drawn.

Aberdeen, S. D., reports the present winter breaking all records for heavy snow storms and railway blockades.

Part of the Hastings and Dakota division of the Milwaukee and St. Paul road and the Great Northern line from Brookenridge to Aberdeen have been snow bound since January 13 except for a very short interval.

Nearly six hundred miles of the Dakota division of the Northern Pacific was blockaded by Thursday's storm. It will take ten days to clear the cuts.

A dispatch from Wilmar, Minnesota, says the storm of last night has kept up more or less all day. The wind reached a fearful velocity and blew the hardest for years. The Sioux Falls train has not yet reached here and the snow plow sent to help it is stuck near Hanley Falls.

Gary, S. D., reports the thermometer 17 degrees below.

ENTERTAINMENT BY BLIND PUPILS.

The Public not in it This Time, but Will be entertained Later.

Next Thursday night, at the Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, an entertainment will be given by the blind pupils complimentary to the members of the Legislature. Officers of the State and the clerks and employees of the Legislature are invited to attend, and expected to be present; but the general public is respectfully and particularly invited to stay away, for the reason that the assembly room is not large enough to comfortably seat more people than have been invited. Superintendent Ray authorized the announcement, however, that the entire program will be repeated for the benefit of the public a few days later.

Rresident Cleveland Leaves Town.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—President Cleveland left town quietly last night on the the lighthouse tender Maple, with Captain Lamberton, for a day's duck shooting in the Potomac, near Quantico, Va. The party will return this evening.

WAKE FOREST ITEMS.

A Concert Held—Baseball News—Prof. Sledd Publishes Some Poems.

The "Sacred Concert" to be held to secure money to pay balance on piano just bought for use in Sunday School will occur on Thursday night the 28th. A very interesting programme has been arranged. It promises to be the most pleasant entertainment of the session.

Prof. Sledd has received a letter from the publishers of his volume of poems stating that the volume will contain 210 pages. Very nearly all the students in the English Department have expressed their intention of purchasing copies. It is hoped that those not students, but who love good literature, will give it a joyous welcome. It promises to be a valuable addition to North Carolina verse. Prof. Sledd also intends getting out during the coming summer an annotated edition of Milton.

A body of baseball enthusiasts intend having a play on the evening of February 11th, the evening before the anniversary exercises, to secure funds to fit out the team for the coming season. The prospects for a good team are very flattering. Two games have been secured with the University team to play in Raleigh, and the boys are going to make a desperate effort to win. Every afternoon practices are held.

Profs. Brewer and Mills are quite sick with la grippe. Much complaint is heard from this cause. The student body have kept clear of it so far.

There was much rejoicing in a quiet way here among Republican students over Senator Pritchard's re-election to the Senate. As a rule, Populist students here in sympathy with Skinner in his fight for Pritchard's return, and expressed satisfaction at the result.

A Necessity for Raleigh.

There is one thing which Raleigh must have sooner or later, and that is a wood lot where the numerous wood wagons which now line our streets, can be placed. The necessity for such a lot becomes greater every day. The authorities have been forced to prohibit them from stopping on Hargett street, for it became impassable, besides being a public nuisance to those who conduct business on that street. These wagons have now selected South Blount street for their location, and a reporter counted thirty-nine wagons loaded with wood standing on Blount street, between the intersection of Hargett and Martin streets yesterday. Of course these poor fellows who bring their wood here must have some place to sell it, but the city should have a lot exclusively for them and make all the wood be carried there so as not to block up the street.

An Old War Veteran Dies.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 23.—Gen. John D. Stevenson died at his residence here last night after an illness of several months. Gen. Stevenson was born in Staunton, Va., in 1821, and served with distinction in the Mexican and Civil wars. He leaves a widow and two sons.

THE WHOLE NORTHWEST

IS IN THE GRIP OF ICE, SNOW AND ZERO TEMPERATURE.

Railroad Traffic Endangered—Prospects Good for a Blockade.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 23.—High winds, a heavy and continuous fall of snow and a temperature only two degrees above zero combined to make this the stormiest day of the winter and seriously interfered with street and railroad traffic. Towards evening the thermometer rose to 7 degrees above zero at noon, making the lot of pedestrians more endurable and the wind moderated a little as the day advanced, enabling people to get a better footing on the dangerously icy walks. The wide area of the storm gave the officials of Western railroads cause for fear that their lines would be tied up before morning.

The conditions outside the city were rapidly getting worse and the prospects are for a blockade over Sunday at least, even with the most vigorous measures for the clearing of the tracks. Mail trains came in late tonight from the west. The city street cleaning bureau and the street car companies were compelled to put hundreds of laborers, teams and snow plows to work, and at a late hour it looked as though they had an all-night job before them. As it was, the street car traffic was much impeded. The whole northwest is in the grip of ice, snow and wind and zero temperature.

At the Metropolitan.

The Alice Byno Company will be at the Metropolitan Opera House all of this week, commencing Monday night, with the exception of Tuesday night, when James Young, the tragedian, will appear in Hamlet. The following notice speaks well of the company:

"The Hammond & Stewart Lyceum Theater Company, in a strong cast, presented that thrilling and always new society drama 'East Lynne,' at the new opera house last evening. The whole company did remarkably well and all through the touching scenes held the audience as if by magic. Alice Byno as Lady Isabel is certainly a success—as much so as Lucille Weston ever was, and in her day she was at the top of the ladder. Mr. Hammond as Archibald Carlyle did splendid work, while the whole company is far above the average. —Ft. Madison (Ia.) Daily Plain Dealer of July 7, 1894.

Guarding Against Infection.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 22.—Dr. Doty, Health Officer of the port of New York, was here today to get an appropriation of $6,000 for the better guarding of the port against the entrance of infection from cases of the Bubonic plague, now raging in Bombay.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE

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The Only Paper in the State taking the full Southern Associated Press Dispatches.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 24, 1897.

"BLOOD IN HIS EYE."

Editor Ayer, of the Caucasian, has blood in his eye for THE TRIBUNE people. He said: "I don't think the Republican party has shown any judgment in allowing two tramps to come into our State and pass judgment on our people. There are some people who will have nothing to do with the gang which countenances such things."

We are real sorry that Mr. Ayer has "blood in his eye" for THE TRIBUNE people. When a man gets blood in his eyes, it means "pistols and coffee," or it used to, but times are changed and it now means a cowardly attack to injure character and play the censor act. The above item is clipped from the Raleigh correspondence of the Charlotte *Observer*. Just why Mr. Ayer, a Butler-made man, should read the riot act to THE TRIBUNE people, passeth the understanding, except that Ayer and Butler count for naught, politically or otherwise, unless they have "blood in their eyes," riding rough-shod over everything and everybody. It is a well known fact that Mr. Ayer belongs to Mr. Butler. It is pretty well known by this time that THE TRIBUNE has been very much interested in the election of U. S. Senator. It took a hand in the fight. Butler was the foe, and when we hit Butler we hit Ayer, hence the cause of the aforesaid "blood in Mr. Ayer's eye," and having no other weapon to fight with he refers to the promoters of THE TRIBUNE as "tramps." Mr. Ayer is very much concerned over this unfortunate event, but as there was no law on the statute books (for the Butler crowd had not yet gotten into full power) to prohibit their coming, and as they had been residents of North Carolina, the one four and the other six years, they naturally supposed they had the right to come to Raleigh. The front of their offending in coming, we suppose, is they did not consult Ayer's boss about coming and getting his consent and a written permit to come. It is a sad state of affairs when Mr. Ayer and his boss are not consulted upon matters. They take it as a personal insult, and their poor hearts are lacerated if all comers or parties do not bend the knee and ask their blessing: hence, there is blood in Mr. Ayer's eye. If there is blood in this second-hand man's eye, what in the world is in the boss's eye? The role of censor does not set well on the heads of either of these gentlemen. They are not to the manner born; they are both accidents, and have less to say about who shall or shall not come into the State, or to Raleigh and publish a newspaper than almost any other men in the State. It is that kind of talk that keeps away from the State millions of capital and thousands of people.

They have no use for a man unless that man follows their lead or puts a pad-lock on his mouth. Now we are not in the least disturbed over Mr. Ayer's little screed: rather we court it, for the bitter things he, his boss and their paper can say about "THE TRIBUNE people," the more credit it is to the "gang" referred to. Mr. Ayer is so well known as a "me too" man that what he says doesn't count.

By the way, here is an example that will fit in right here as well as any other place. As remarked above, it is such talk as Ayer's that keeps away capital and people. There is construction put upon it that makes men afraid to come here and invest. They do not understand that such men—or men who talk in that strain—*do not* represent the good and responsible people of North Carolina. For Mr. Ayer's benefit we will state that hundreds of Democrats, as good people as live in or out of the State, from Editors Daniels and Merritt all along the line, have taken these "tramps" by the hand and given them such hearty welcomes and godspeeds as would make Butler and Ayer green with envy. They have told them that they were glad they had come, and the eagerness with which they have subscribed for THE TRIBUNE is an evidence of their sincerity. The progress THE TRIBUNE has made is phenomenal in newspaperdom, and the kind of rot that Ayer indulges in is discountenanced and the man despised. But to the point: Below we publish a letter addressed to Governor Russell that fully sustains us when we say that Ayer's kind of talk keeps away people from the State; but we propose to teach such men a lesson, and by heralding all over this broad land the big-heartedness of the people of North Carolina and the hearty welcome that awaits, as the Governor says, every "good man and woman" who comes to us for homes:

Southport, N. C., Jan. 22, 1897.

Hon. D. L. Russell, Governor State of North Carolina, Raleigh, N. C.:

Dear Sir—I have read with a great deal of interest your address delivered in Raleigh, and heartily concur in all you said on that occasion. I understand a large number of copies are to be printed, and I should like some forty or fifty copies to send to my friends in the States of Indiana and Illinois, and am willing to pay for them if you will please give me the information as to where they can be obtained.

I am interesting myself in the securing of a colony for Brunswick County from those States, and am satisfied the knowledge contained in your address will make them feel more like making their homes amongst us. I believe with proper rule in this State, such as you intend to give us, millions of capital can be brought here that would not otherwise touch us. Wishing you success, I am, very truly yours,

W. H. PYKE.

We are glad Mr. Ayer has furnished us with a text for an article that brings this serious question before our own people and the people of the nation. It is not to be understood that people will fare better under Governor Russell's administration; such a statement would be a libel upon our people; but the idea to be conveyed is that such rot as Ayer gets off will have less effect, because there is a feeling in the North engendered by such men that only ostracism awaits the man or woman who comes here from the North, East or West, and it is natural for them to conclude that all or much they have heard has been misrepresentation.

FROM A POPULIST STANDPOINT.

E. M. Flake, Populist, and editor of the *Plow Boy*, publishied at Wadesboro, N. C., reviews, in an editorial, the Populist situation, which will appear in the *Plow Boy* next Wednesday, but which we have the privilege of producing this morning.

We do so because he discusses the question uppermost in the minds of the people, and reviews the situation so candidly from a Populist standpoint, that it cannot fail to make an impression upon the Butler-Populists, if indeed they are Populists. Mr. Flake was not a Pritchard man, but he stands by the action of the minority Populists, and shows clearly that these are easily the leaders of the real Populist party:

BUTLER MEETS HIS WATERLOO.

If we understand the Senatorial situation in North Carolina and the fight that Senator Butler has made on Senator Pritchard, then indeed has the silver question had but little to do with it except as a means to an end and that end was for Butler to establish himself as a party leader, both in the State and nation. Butler foresaw the coming storm of indignation that was to be heaped upon him for his betrayal of the confidence placed in him at the St. Louis Convention, and to break the force of that storm he undertook the defeat of Senator Pritchard in order to show his power over his party in North Carolina and his love for free silver and thus establish himself as a party leader. But like all his big calculations, his plans failed and instead of defeating Senator Pritchard he has strengthened him and greatly injured the Populist party in North Carolina and destroyed his own prospects of ever being a leader again except in the Democratic party or as a leader co-operating with the Democratic party.

THE DETAILS OF THE CONTEST.

Senator Butler's plan to defeat Senator Pritchard was discovered in the Populist caucus of Tuesday night before the Legislature met. A resolution was introduced pledging all the members of the party to abide by the decisions of the caucus. Of course the Senatorial question was not mentioned in the resolution for it was only intended as a preliminary to what was to follow later on. The next step in the programme was for Skinner and Butler to speak to the caucus, Skinner speaking for Pritchard and Butler against him. Skinner claimed that it was not only good party policy to re-elect Senator Pritchard, but it was according to the contract of 1894. Butler claimed that we were under no obligation to elect Senator Pritchard, but admitted that it was good party policy to elect a Republican, provided that the one so elected should be a free silver man. Skinner had read a letter from Pritchard which stated that he (Pritchard) would vote for silver as he had always done when such bill was not attached to some other bill as a rider. Here Butler put in some strong blows against Pritchard, showing that Pritchard subordinated the financial question to others, which Populists held should be subordinated to the financial. Butler in his defense of the financial question proved more than he perhaps intended. He showed the inconsistency of Pritchard professing free silver, and in so doing proved the inconsistency of any other Republican making such claims. He actually proved (though perhaps not intending it) the inconsistency of the Populists in supporting a Republican. Butler had acknowledged that the thing to do was to support a free silver Republican, but he had also made it plain that a true Republican could not be a true silver man and that Populists were inconsistent in supporting any others. At this stage of the contest Skinner put in some sledge-hammer blows—he called for Butler in triumphant notes to "name your man." But Butler's time for "naming the man" had not come, and skirmishing continued until Friday night, January 8th, when a resolution was introduced pledging the members not to vote for Pritchard. This caused about twenty members to leave the caucus. While they are called bolters, they only did what every man had a perfect right to do. Butler knew and everybody knew that a portion of the Pepulists were pledged to Pritchard in the campaign, and to undertake to tie them up in a caucus was to make them violate their pledges. But to have men violate their pledges counted for nothing with Butler, so he carried his point. So the fight went on and the "battle went round" until Skinner forced Butler to "name his man"; but, instead of naming a Republican, behold, Butler laid another good man on the altar of sacrifice, namely, Cy Thompson, a Populist, whom we all love except Butler and a few of his followers. We will not charge Senator Butler with purposely sacrificing Cy Thompson, but in his eagerness to beat Skinner and Pritchard he chose the strongest man in the Populist party for this purpose. Butler made the fight of his life, but in vain; he lost, and henceforth he will not be considered a party leader. While Butler is a good debater and a true reformer at heart, he is by no means a party leader, and the surprising thing is that he should have ever been put at the head of our party after his many palpable blunders. There is no abler man in North Carolina, and as far as we are concerned, we are willing to keep him in the Senate, but we enter our protest against his having anything to do with the management of the Populist party.

We hope to be excused from any suspicion of intending to injure Marion Butler, remembering that he has suffered much abuse from the Democrats on account of his able defense of our principles, and but for his many blunders he would be one of the first men in our party. We will point out some of his blunders. In February, 1892, the Farmers' Alliance sent delegates to St. Louis to confer with other labor organizations as to whether a new party should be organized. It was decided at this conference that a new party should be organized at once, and preparations for holding a national convention were made. Mr. Butler, instead of coming home and organizing a new party according to agreement, informed the national committee that it would be better to "capture" the Democratic convention and pledge the Democratic party to the People's party nominee for President. This idea did not meet the approval of the national committee of the People's party, but they consented and Mr. Butler canvassed the State, advising the Alliance people to see that the Democratic State convention was controlled by those in sympathy with the "demands" of the Alliance which was understood would be the platform of the new party. In this big calculation he failed and instead of capturing the Democratic Convention and pledging it to the nominee of the People's party, the Convention captured him and pledged him and his followers to the nominee of the Democratic National Convention, and by this blunder of Mr. Butler's the Populists suffered at least a loss of twenty thousand votes. A large portion of the Alliance people considering that they were already pledged to a new party went at once to organizing along the line agreed upon at St. Louis in February. Some people think that Marion Butler organized the Populist party in North Carolina, when in reality it was organizeid in spite of him. He joined our party when he saw he could no longer hold us in the Democratic party.

Another unpardonable blunder he made was in using his power and influence in preventing an early convention in 1896. He imagined that both the old parties would nominate a gold man for President and put him on a gold platform and the Populist party would have nothing to do but make good use of the blunders of the gold men. This blunder came very near costing us the life of our party. Again, in State matters, Mr. Butler came near preventing co-operation with the Republicans in the last campaign, and had not the people acted independently of Mr. Butler, as they did in '92, the Democratic party would today be in control in North Carolina and the Populists nor Republicans would have any showing whatever.

HIS BLUNDERS AS NATIONAL CHAIRMAN A CRIME.

The Populists of the South will never forgive Senator Butler for the treatment given Tom Watson during the last campaign. He ought to see that he is dividing our party, and if he has the reform cause at heart he will certainly not attempt to force himself upon the party as a leader.

HIS LAST BLUNDER

Was his fight on Senator Pritchard, the details of which have been given, and the final outcome will depend on his future action. Should he gracefully submit to the will of the people and endeavor to unite the two factions of the Populist party on friendly terms instead of trying to coerce the minority he will stand a chance to be his own successor four years from now, but as a party leader he is dead and he should acknowledge it.

TAKE A STAND.

We believe it to be the duty of every Populist to inform himself the best he can on the situation and then take a stand and let the people know "where they are at." We are always willing to let the people know which side we are on if we know ourselves. We unhesitatingly take our stand with the so-called bolters, but shall use all our power to get the two factions together. Perhaps it is well enough to state that we were not a Pritchard man and so informed Mr. Pritchard. We had our choice but we were willing to allow other people have theirs. The idea that Mr. Butler was willing to concede the Senatorship to the Republicans, but not allow them to name him, was not according to our ideas of fair dealing. We will conclude by saying that the bitter attacks of the Progressive Farmer and the Caucasian on the so-called bolters is having a tendency to carry one part of the Populists to the Democratic party and the other to the Republicans. E. W. FLAKE.

Wadesboro, N. C.

TIME STANDARDS.

In view of the fact that there are two standards of time in use in different parts of the State, it seems remarkable that a bill to establish an uniform standard should pass its several readings, as the Ramsey bill did in the Senate yesterday, without a word of explanation or debate. The standard which the bill proposes to establish is that of the 75th meridian of longitude, known as Eastern or Washington time, which is the standard already recognized throughout the State, from Salisbury eastward. But railway trains running south and west from Salisbury are operated by Central or Chicago time, which is an hour later than Eastern time. Convenience would suggest the general use of the time standard of the railroads operated in any locality, as so many matters must be regulated by the arrival and departure of trains; but the bill that has passed the Senate will have the effect of putting two standards into operation in the western part of the State. The railroads will continue running trains by the Central standard, while legal matters will be regulated by Eastern time. Inconvenience will probably arise from this circumstance, and complications may be expected to grow out it. For instance, a legal day, from Salisbury westward, will begin an hour earlier than by the railroad standard. It is easy to perceive what consequences might follow a misunderstanding at this point from a confusion of time standards. Probably the committeo that had charge of the bill considered these matters; but it does appear strange that not a Senator had a word to say on the subject when the bill was placed upon its passage.

SENTIMENT in favor of co-education of the sexes is gaining ground in the South. A Virginia college president has been quoted recently as saying that he did not think the day far distant when the doors of the universities would be thrown open to both sexes. It is a fact generally known that a movement in this direction is contemplated by the heads of certain leading institutions in that State where males only are now taught. In North Carolina the experiment about to be tried by Trinity College will be watched with interest by leading educators, and if its success comes up to the expectations of its promoters, the example of Trinity will be followed by other colleges in the State. The president of a North Carolina institution said the other day that it is only a question of time when girls will be given an equal chance with boys in all the schools and colleges.

THE TRIBUNE continues to be in high favor, and what is quite gratifying is that our Democratic friends are among our most enthusiastic admirers and supporters.

REPRESENTATIVE MCCASKEY says: "I shall not go back to the caucus (majority). The action taken is simply boycotting men who would have stultified themselves had they voted differently from what they did."

Gratifying.

Norfolk, (Va.) Landmark.

It is gratifying to observe that there is less partisanry displayed by Congress in the trial of contested election cases now than there has been in the past. The display of party spirit in such matters seems to be growing less from year to year, and it is a very hopeful indication. It is beginning to be understood now that there is no possibility of a contestant's gaining a seat unless he have some real ground for his contest.

CABINET MAKING.

The latest cabinet making from Canton is given with fair authority and sounds, as far as it goes, pretty good:

"Although it is not possible to make any definite announcement, it is safe to say that the Cabinet will be practically formed by the end of next week. The final decision as to New England may be influenced by the visit of a party of Boston Republicans. That is all the information conveyed, but it is assumed that these Boston visitors will favor the appointment of ex-Gov. Long as Secretary of War or Navy.

Senator Burrows, of Michigan, spent Wednesday at the McKinley home, where he was entertained at luncheon. He earnestly advocates the appointment of Gen. Alger as Secretary of War, and this second visit, so closely following his journey here in company with Mr. Sherman last week, is regarded as indicating that Gen. Alger is to realize his ambition. Senator Burrows said, however, that he could not yet make any statement with certainty as to Gen. Alger, much as he would like to do so.

A committee of the ex-Confederates' organization which took part in the campaign called upon Major McKinley Thursday. They urged in a general way that one member of the Cabinet be taken from the extreme South. To them Major McKinley said, as he said to a Texas delegation the other day who presented him a petition of 103,000 signatures for the appointment of National Committeeman Grant to the Cabinet, that he would give the treatment of the South careful consideration. But he did not commit himself in any way.

It has been steadily assumed that one Cabinet officer would be selected from a border State, and this selection gossip has given to Judge Nathan Goff, of West Virginia; but Judge Goff has a life position on the Federal bench. A later impression is that Kentucky may recognized. Chairman Roberts, of the Republican State Committee, of Kentucky, has just left Canton, after a very satisfactory interview with Major McKinley.

IT is generally admitted that Editor Ayer's political and official clothes are too big for a little man.

EDITOR AYER don't like THE TRIBUNE "gang," and the "gang" are delighted.

Around the Lobby.

When the question came up for discussion before the House of Representatives yesterday, that the salaries of clerks and employees drawing a salary of $5 per diem be reduced to that of $4 per diem, the same as is paid to the members, Dockery introduced an amendment as follows: That the bill to reduce salaries shall go into effect when all the members of the House of Representatives shall have paid into the State treasury one-fourth of their per diem. The amendment created much agitation and discussion, and caused a tilt to arise between Dockery, who introduced the amendment, and Harntess, of Iredell. The latter arose and said that he thought this amendment was not introduced in sincerity and was a piece of personal duplicity. This remark caused Dockery to quickly rise to his feet and say that the bill was introduced in good faith and for the purpose of killing the original bill to reduce the salaries, and that if the gentleman from Iredell or any one else, said otherwise, it was an untruth. The gentleman from Iredell then responded by saying that if the gentleman from Richmond meant anything personal in his remarks, to make them to him outside of the capitol. Then the Speaker took a hand and the personal matter rested. After which the discussion continued, and many amusing speeches were made. A number of the members requested that they be allowed to explain their vote, which they did to their hearts content for about two minutes each. The Clerk then called the roll, and the amendment was carried by a vote of 58 for and 36 against. The Speaker then announced that the bill to reduce the salaries of clerks was lost. This announcement was received with applause.

Representative Hauser, the gentleman who introduced the bill to reduce the salaries of clerks, has cost the State about $300 in the various discussions of this bill to reduce expenses by cutting the salary of the men who do all the work of the House. This shows that the gentleman from Lenoir is a good man in the reduction department?

"THE TRIBUNE is destined to be the leading daily newspaper in the State," said a well known member of the Senate yesterday. "It is an excellent local paper, and has a good telegraph service, and is popular with all classes of readers. Everybody admires a paper that is free from blackguardism."

There were twenty-six members of the House of Representatives absent yesterday from sickness and other causes.

SENATOR JOHN F. NEWSOM, the popular member from the First District, Currituck, Camden, Pasquetank, Hertford, Gates, Chowan and Perquimans counties, is a prominent feature in the Senate Chamber. Senator Newsom is an ardent Populist, who works first, last and all the time in the interest of his party. He was born and raised in Hertford County. He is 45 years old and is one of the most popular men in his district. He is by occupation a farmer, and is also a civil engineer. He has been County Commissioner of his county, and during the election in 1894 he was a candidate for the Legislature and was elected, but through some slick political work he was counted out.

Senator Newsom is an able and intelligent gentleman, of a quiet demeanor, and is well adapted for the position he has been honored with. When the Populists elected Senator Newsom they sent a man to the Senate who is a Populist in every sense of the word. He is a keen shrewd and intelligent politician, who never loses his head, and who is here to represent the First District in a manner that will reflect credit upon the district and the people who elected him.

He is a member of the Fish and Fisheries, Public Roads, Pensions and Soldiers' Home Committees, and is also Chairman of the Insurance Committee, and is Chairman of the Populist Executive Committee of the district.

Senator Newsom is an honor to the Populist party and is doing much for his people.

He is one of the few honest and true Populists who were men enough to redeem their pledges and cast their votes for Jeter C. Pritchard. Strong in his loyalty to the people who elected him, he will return to them with a spotless reputation and with the consciousness of having performed his duties in a manner that is pleasant to his constituents.

SENATOR J. L. WHEDBEE.

Success is like a pyramid—broad at the base, as the thronging millions that crowd it. Towering upward its form narrows. Scattered along its sides are the men who have achieved something more than usual prominenee in the world's affairs. At the top are the few men who have grandly succeeded, their forms lit up by the sunshine of their well earned prosperity. Among those who have achieved success by reason of their individual worth and merit is the Hon. J. L. Whedbee, State Senator from the First District, comprising the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Hertford, Chowan and Perquimans. A man who has won honor and distinction whose attention to duty is unswerving, and whose friends are legion.

Senator Whedbee was born and raised in Perquimans county, in the town of Hertford. He is 37 years old, and has a charming personality. He is an extensive handler of cotton and a large exporter of cotton seed. No man in his section is better or more favorably known than Senator Whedbee; he is a recognized leader in the Republican ranks, and an honor to his district. He has already been recognized in the Senate chamber as one with the interests of his district at heart, and he has been appointed to serve on the following committees: Penal Institutions, Privileges and Elections and Counties, Cities and Towns and Insurance.

The State of North Carolina cannot boast of a more popular or deserving man—a courteous, ideal gentleman—who has won his way to the front ranks of success. He is today a politician with a bright future before him, who well merits the success he has achieved.

Senator Whedbee is an eloquent and fluent talker, who can do much for his party. In electing Senator Whedbee the people in his section of the State, selected as their Senator a man who is in every may fitted to honor to the position. His eloquent tongue has already been heard in the Senate hall in the interest of the people of the first district.

The Republican party are proud to honor this gentleman as a leader and as one well versed in the intricate arts of successful politics.

It is well that our colleges and universities have come to understand that the world wants them to turn out doers, and not simply thinkers, with their premature boldness, untimely spectacles, indecisive characters and incompetent limbs. The "know all" and "do nothing" product of the so called higher education is a nuisance in a crisis and a cipher in a mob. We need men who can hoist a sail or pull an oar as wind or wave may require.

Yellow fever is diminishing in Cuba, but smallpox is rapidly increasing. It is strange that Weyler hasn't issued a proclamation ordering these ailments to disperse.

Jones, of Arkansas, gets another term in the Senate. It is a fine thing for Jones, but rather rough on Arkansas and the rest of the country.

In some respects the result of the Senatorial contest in Illinois must be regarded as a distinct triumph of Masonry.

FUN IN THE CAPITOL

An Old Time "Democratic Trick" Sets the Senate by the Ears.

SALE OF TOBACCO TO MINORS

HOUSE WRESTLES WITH A QUESTION OF PER DIEM.

Nelson's Resolution to Put Pritchard in a Hole—School Supervision Bill Introduced in Both Branches.

The Senate was opened at 10 o'clock yesterday morning with prayer by Mr. Utley.

Leave of absence was granted to Messrs. Hardison, Lyon and Maxwell.

Mr. Parker of Alamance presented a petition relating to the boundary dispute between Alamance and Chatham counties.

Bills were introduced as follows:

Mr. Alexander—Bill to amend the charter of the Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Charlotte.

Mr. Grant—Bill to provide for a system of supervision for public schools and for local taxation for the maintenance of schools. It was ordered that 250 copies be printed for the use of the Senate. This is the Teachers' Assembly bill.

Mr. Scales—Bill to amend the charter of the Southern Mutual Live Stock Insurance Company.

Mr. Parker of Randolph—Bill to amend chapter 214, laws of 1895.

Mr. Moye—Bill to amend section 453, laws of 1893, relating to returns of assignees and trustees.

CALENDAR.

Bill to incorporate Stone Mountain Railroad passed third reading. Mr. McNeill offered an amendment making the starting point in Wilkes county, which was voted down on a poll of the ayes and noes.

Bill to repeal chapter 303, Laws of 1895, establishing the boundary between Alamance and Chatham counties, was made a special order for next Friday at noon.

Bill to amend the charter of the Drummer's Deposit Bank of Wilkesboro, passed third reading.

Bill to pension James Shelton was lost on second reading.

Bill to prohibit sale of tobacco in any form to minors (introduced by Mr. Smathers) was taken up. It was debated at some length, several Senators taking the ground that the existing law was a dead letter and that an attempt to extend its operation would make matters worse. Mr. Smathers held that the moral effect of the law was good, although it was not enforced as it should be. Mr. Ray offered a substitute to repeal the cigarette law. Mr. Moye offered an amendment to strike out chewing tobacco and snuff. The bill was referred back to the Judiciary Committee.

Bill to appoint H. Cabaniss of Cleveland county a justice of the peace passed second and third readings. Mr. Moye jumped on the bill as soon as it was read. He thought that the right of self-government had been restored, and here was the old Democratic trick of appointing magistrates by the Legislature. Mr. Anthony, the author of the bill, made a humorous speech, saying that Mr. Cabaniss was an old lawyer who was in great repute as a magistrate, having served in that capacity for many years. Mr. Smathers, chairman of the Judiciary Committee, said that the bill had been carefully considered, and for peculiar reasons was reported favorably by the unanimous vote of the committee. Several Senators discussed the bill from political and other standpoints. Attempts were made to load it down with amendments, but all were disposed of, and the bill passed on a call of the ayes and noes by a vote of 27 to 15.

Bill to incorporate Bridgersville, Wilson county, was passed under a suspension of the rules.

The Senate then adjourned to meet at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

HOUSE.

The Speaker called the House of Representatives to order promptly at 10 o'clock and called upon Rev. Dr. Branson of this city to conduct the devotional exercises.

The reading of the previous day's journal consumed about a half hour.

A large number of bills were reported by committees on Enrolled Bills, Public Roads and Turnpikes, Judiciary and Pensions. With few exceptions they were reported favorably.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced:

Mr. Duffy—Resolution empowering Committee on Privileges and Elections to appoint a sub committee to hear evidence in the Broughton-Young contest, which committee shall complete the taking of evidence by January 26. Objection was made to this bill taking its place upon the calendar, and same was referred to the Elections and Privileges committee.

Mr. Murphy—Bill to protect game and song birds in the State. This was introduced as a substitute for House bill No. 197.

Mr. Cathey—Resolution looking to better protection of the deliberations of the House. This bill provides that the Speaker appoint a vigilance committee to watch for scheming lobbyists and report to the Speaker any such who may be in the hall and he shall have them ejected.

Mr. McCrary—Bill to change the corporate limits of Thomasville.

Mr. Johnson—Resolution requiring all bills providing appropriations to be referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Young—Bill to aid the Institute for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind

Mr. Cathey—Bill to change land grant No. 249; also a bill to change No. 3257.

Mr. Yarborough—Bill to incorporate Yanceyville.

Mr. Dancy—Bill to empower Commissioners of Edgecombe county to levy a special tax.

Mr. Peace—Bill to prescribe the time in which mortgages shall be recorded.

Mr. Gallop—Bill to protect birds in Currituck county.

Mr. White—Bill to make terms of office for Registers of Deeds four years after 1898.

Mr. Roberts—Bill to repeal chapter 274 of Laws of 1895.

Mr. Hodges—Bill to amend chapter 199, Laws of 1895, in relation to fees.

Mr. Reid—Bill to amend charter of the Carolina Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. Nelson—Resolution instructing the North Carolina Congressmen to vote for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Mr Plott—Bill to prohibit the sale of liquor in two miles of certain churches in Clay county.

Mr. Cathey—Bill to levy a special tax for Swain county.

Mr. McKinzie—Bill to place Jessie Miller on the pension role.

Mr. Foster—Bill to amend chapter 41 of The Code.

Mr. Jones—Bill to prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor in one mile of Saddle Mountain Baptist Church in Alleghany county.

Mr. Chapin—Bill to authorize Commissioners of Harnett county to issue bonds and levy a special tax.

Mr. Hare—Bill to amend section 2017 of The Code.

Mr. G. C. Daniels—Bill to promote temperance. This bill prohibits the giving or selling of intoxicants of any kind to persons under 21 years of age.

Mr. Hauser—Bill to amend chapter 220, acts of 1891.

Mr. Hauser—Bill to suppress trusts and combines.

Mr. Dockery—Bill to provide for Public School Superintendents.

Mr. Hancock—Bill requiring the commissioners of Craven county to refund an illegal tax collected under act of March 11th, 1895.

Mr Cathey—Bill to change land grant No. 1825.

Mr. Reynolds—Bill for the relief of Dr. James Allen of Montgomery county.

Mr. Harris—Bill for the repeal of certain laws of 1895.

Mr. Dewesse—Bill to require sheriffs of the State to keep records of pensioners

Mr. Deweese—Bill to authorize sheriffs to make tax titles.

Mr. Reynolds—Bill to incorporate town of Star in Montgomery county.

Mr. Conley—Bill to establish a new township in McDowell county.

Mr. McPheeters—Bill to place Thomas Nain of Yancey county on the pension roll.

Mr. Dewease—Bill to require corporations to file records, etc.

Mr. Cook—Bill to place Steamer "Lillie" in the hands of the Naval Reserves.

Mr. Duffy moved to recall the bill relative to the Broughton-Young contest case from the hands of the Elections and Privileges Committee; but a vote by roll-call defeated his motion—54 to 38.

EXCITING LEGISLATION.

The remaining portion of the day's session was consumed by an animated as well as exciting discussion of the bill by Mr. Hauser, left over as unfinished business from the previous day's session. The bill provided that the salaries of all clerks of the General Assembly be reduced from $5 to $4 per diem.

An amendment was offered by Mr. Sutton of New Hanover providing that the per diem of members of the General Assembly be also reduced from $4 to $3. Mr. Schulken proved the amendment unconstitutional; but declared that he would be willing to vote for any measure to that effect that was constitutional.

Mr. Dockery thereupon introduced an amendment providing that the original bill go into effect when all the members of the General Assembly shall have paid into the State treasury one-fourth of their per diem. In offering the amendment, Mr. Dockery stated that his sole object in so doing was to give such members as Mr Schulken a chance to come to the rack, "fodder or no fodder." He was uncompromisingly opposed to the bill, and one object of his amendment, he said, was to kill it.

There followed an exciting discussion, both of the bill and amendment. Mr. Dixon of Cleveland, declared that both bill and amendments seemed to him very poor politics and had a strong smell of peanuts. He declared himself opposed to any measure the effect of which would tend to reduce the average ability of North Carolina law-makers. The salaries of legislators, he thought, should be increased instead of reduced.

Mr. Schulken contended that there was no sense in the amendment offered by Mr. Dockery. Mr. Dockery retorted that there was just enough sense in it to "hold him (Schulken) to the rack, fodder or no fodder."

Mr. Hancock assured Mr. Schulken that the amendment would allow him (Schulken) to vote to reduce his own salary which he had just said he would do if given a constitutional opportunity

A demand was made that the vote on the amendment be made by roll call. Many explained their votes.

Mr. Hartness contended that the amendment was not introduced in good faith or with honesty of purpose.

Mr. Dockery, the introducer, rose to a personal privilege and branded Mr. Hartness' assertion as utterly false.

Mr. Hartness started to make a sharp rejoinder but was called to order by the Speaker, and furthermore, his time was declared up.

Mr. Dockery showed his magnanimity of spirit by a request by unanimous consent for Mr. Hartness to conclude his explanation, but it was not granted. He was only allowed to say that he voted no.

Mr. McCrary said he was an "original reformer" and favored retrenchment.

Mr. Ward also spoke vigorously in favor of the bill and amendment.

Mr. Watkins was opposed to the whole plan of reduction.

Mr. White of Alamance was opposed to any reductions.

The conclusion of the roll call ballot showed 58 for and 36 against the amendment.

Another amendment was offered requiring that the introducer of the bill, Mr. Hauser, who was a Clerk in the last session, be required to return to the State Treasury all in excess of $4 per diem which he received during that time. Acting Speaker Lusk ruled the speaker out of order.

The question of the adoption of the bill was then put to a vote and lost by a big majority.

The House adjourned at 1 o'clock until 11 o'clock Monday.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Week Before Stock Taking.

MONDAY, JANUARY 25TH TO SATURDAY, JANUARY 30TH,

THE WEEK BEFORE STOCK TAKING.

Our stock taking begins February 1st, and everybody is interested in our BEFORE STOCK-TAKING SALES. Many ends of lines in every Department. We are determined not to carry over to another season and they will be sold this week at greatly reduced prices—making a real HARVEST for Bargain seekers. Besides representative bargains in every department, we have arranged the following SPECIAL TABLES:

TABLE 1.

COLORED DRESS GOODS. Every piece all wool and worth 50c. per yard—before stock-taking price ..... 25c.

TABLE 2.

COLORED DRESS GOODS. Every piece worth not less than 75c. and $1.00 per yard. Many suitable for early spring, before stock-taking price ..... 50c.

TABLE 3.

Colored Dress Goods. Every piece worth $1.25 to $1.50 per yard, before stock taking price 75c

TABLE 4.

Black Dress Goods. Every piece new, correct and stylish, worth $1.50 to $2.00 per yard, before stock taking price ..... 98c.

TABLE 5.

Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, 25 dozen ladies' colored kid gloves, worth $1.50 per pair, before stock taking price ..... 98c.

TABLE 6.

Ladies' Handkerchiefs. 100 dozen ladies' white hemstitched handkerchiefs, worth 50c per dozen, before stock taking price 25c

No less nor more than one dozen to a customer at a time. A Wonderful Bargain.

TABLE 7.

Ladies' Coats. Coat department second floor; two special lots.

Lot 1. All coats $2 49

Lot 2. All coats 4 98

These coats are positively worth twice the money.

TABLE 8.

Ladies' Underwear.—Special table, underwear section. Ladies Ribbed Merino Vests and Pants, worth 85c. per garment, before stock-taking price 49 cents.

TABLE 9.

MARSEILLES QUILTS.—100 Dozen English White Marseilles Quilts—full size—worth $1.75, before stock-taking price $1.19.

TABLE 10.

MEN'S SHOES.—Ends of lines and passed styles of Johnson & Murphy's patent leather shoes for men, worth $6.50 per pair, before stock-taking price, $5.00.

TABLE 11.

LINEN TABLE DAMASK.—Special Table. 72 inch Irish Double Damask, worth $1.00 per yard. Special before stock-taking price, 69 cents.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

TABLE 12.

Linen Towels. 100 dozen Huck and Damask Towels, worth 25c. and 35c. Special before stock-taking price 21c. You should see them.

33 to 50.

All these lots are 33 to 50 per cent. less than regular price.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & Co.

Only Ten Shares.

It is not often you get a chance at it. They have a paid in capital of $225.000, and a surplus of undivided profits of $80,000. If you want ten shares in this old reliable National Bank of Raleigh you should call on C. C. McDonald at once as it soon will be sold.

Money Saved is Money Made.

There is not a safer or better investment to be had than stock in the Raleigh Branch of the Southern Building and Loan Association of Knoxville, Tenn. Recollect 10 cents a day carries five shares, worth at maturity $500. Write to C. C. McDonald for literature Raleigh, N. C.

C. C. McDonald is the Raleigh Real Estate Man.

If you want to sell see him; if you want to buy see him; if you want to borrow money see him; if you have any money to lend see him. He makes a specialty of placing and securing loans for customers.

Members OF THE Legislature . . . . . Have to Eat!

Why not eat where you can get

THE BEST?

Everything the Market Affords

at any hour of the 24.

BEST OF

WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS.

McCLURE & HALES'

Bonanza Saloon,

232 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

SOMETIMES

It is as hard to make your liver work as it is to make a tramp work.

SIMPSON'S

LIVER PILLS cure all stomach ills and sets your liver working. Don't wait till spring to tone your system; do it now.

SIMPSON'S PHARMACY,

Pullen Building.

First-Clas Printing in all its Branches.

Book-Binding

IN ALL STYLES.

EDWARDS & BROUGHTON,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ESTABLISHED IN 1871.

The Largest and Best Equipped Printing and Binding Establishment in the State.

If you want QUICK WORK, and in first-class style, send us your order.

EDWARDS & BROUGHTON,

Printers and Binders,

RALEIGH, N. C.

No. 129 E. Martin St.
No. 152 Telephone.

Blake's Stable.

Good Line of CARRIAGES,
Lot of Gentle HORSES,
Number of Light LIVERY,
Polite and Reliable DRIVERS.

Carriages meet all trains, both day and night. Calls promptly answered. Drummer's and picnic wagons. Everything kept in a first-class Livery Stable.

PRICES REASONABLE.

JOSEPH BLAKE, Manager.

129 E. Martin St.

GREENFRONT SALOON,

J. E. Hamlin & Co., Proprietors.

WHISKEY, WINES,

Beer, Cigars, Tobacco.

LUNCH ROOM. PRIVATE ROOMS FOR PRIVATE PARTIES.

NORTH CAROLINA CORN

WHISKEY

A SPECIALTY.

Harry Bassett Rye Whiskey

OUR LEADER.

205 South Wilmington Street

W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co.

MONDAY, JANUARY 25th, to SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th.

The Week Before Stock Taking.

Our stock taking begins February 1st and everybody is interested in our BEFORE STOCK TAKING SALES. Many ends of lines in every department we are determined not to carry over to another season, will be sold this week at greatly reduced prices—making a great harvest for bargain seekers. Besides representative bargains in every department, we have arranged the following

Special Tables:

Table 1. Colored Dress Goods.
Every piece all wool and worth 50c. per yard, before stock taking ..... 25c.

Table 2. Colored Dress Goods.
Every piece worth not less than 75c. and $1 per yard—many suitable for early spring—before stock taking price ..... 50c.

Table 3. Colored Dress Goods.
Every piece worth $1.25 to $1.50 per yard, before stock taking price ..... 75c.

Table 4. Black Dress Goods.
Every piece new, correct and stylish, worth $1.50 to $2 per yard, before stock taking price ..... 98c.

Table 5. Ladies' Kid Gloves.
25 dozen Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, worth $1.50 per pair, before stock taking price ..... 98c.

Table 6. Ladies' Handkerchiefs.
100 dozen Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 50c. per dozen, before stock taking price, per dozen ..... 25c.

Not less nor more than one dozen at a time.

Table 7. Ladies' Coats.
Coat department, second floor.
Two special lots, Lot 1, all coats 2 49
Lot 2, all coats 4 98
Worth twice the money.

Table 8. Ladies' Underwear.
Ladias' Ridded Merino Vest and Pants, worth 85c. per garment, before stock taking price ..... 49c.

Table 9. Marseilles Quilts.
100 dozen English White Marseilles Quilts, full size, worth $1.75, before stock taking price 1 19

Table 10. Men's Shoes.
Johnston Murphy's Patent Leather Shoes—ends of lines, worth $6.50 before stock taking price 5.00

Table 11. Linen Table Damasks.
72-inch Irish Double Damask, worth $1 per yard, before stock taking price, per yard ..... 69c.

Table 12. Linen Towels.
Huck and Damask Towels, worth 25c. to 35c., special before stock taking price ..... 21c.

All the lots are 33 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices

W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co.

Coal —AND— **Wood**

B. W. BAKER

Wholesale and Retail Dealer.

Best Wood and Coal in the Market.

Lowest prices.

Prompt delivery.

Telephone 140.

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Is prepared with the latest appliances and most skilled workmen to execute with promptness all orders for Printing entrusted to them.

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RALEIGH, N. C.

UP-TO-DATE PRINTERS.

PRESIDENT ALDERMAN

Inauguration Exercises at the University Next Wednesday.

PROGRAMME FOR THE OCCASION

INDUCTION INTO OFFICE BY GOVERNOR RUSSELL.

Addresses to Be Delivered by Prominent Educators—Ode to the University—Music by Mandolin Club—Meeting of Graded School Superintendents.

Next Wednesday at noon, Edwin A. Alderman, L.L. D., will be formally inducted into the office of President of the University of North Carolina. The event will be celebrated with exercises appropriate to such an important occasion, as appears from the programme printed in this connection. A large and distinguished audience will be present, including officers of the State, members of the Legislature, the presidents of two Northern universities and many others of prominence. The following programme is announced:

THE PROGRAMME.

Music—The Mandolin Club.
Prayer—Dr. B. F. Dixon.
Hymn—The Glee Club.
"Eine feste Burg ist unser Gott."
Address on Behalf of the Students—Robert Heering Wright.
Address on Behalf of the Faculty—Kemp Plummer Battle.
Induction of the President into office by His Excellency Daniel L. Russell, Governor of North Carolina,
And response by President Alderman.
Music—The Glee Club
Integer vitae scelerisque purus
Non eget Mauris jaculis neque arcu
Nec venenatis gravida sagittis,
Fusce, pharetra.

Sive per Syrtes iter aestuosas
Sive facturus per inhospitalem
Caucasum vel quae loca fabulosus
Lambit Hydaspes.

Congratulatory Address—William Rainey Harper, President of Chicago University.
Congratulatory Address—Nicholas Murray Butler, Professor in Columbia University, New York.
Inaugural Address—President Alderman.
Music—The Glee Club.

Dear University!
Thy sons right loyally
Thy praises sing.
For thee, our Mother dear,
May every coming year
Fresh-crowned with joy appear,
Fresh honors bring.

Heaven blessed the genial ray
Of that October day,
When at thy shrine,
Under the poplar shade,
Their vows our fathers paid,
Thy corner stone they laid
With rites divine.

That blessing hath remained,
Dishonor ne'er hath stained
Thy record fair.
Still Carolina's pride,
Still with her best allied,
Her sons from far and wide
Still boast thy care.

Fair may thy hours roll on,
As numbering one by one
Thy tuneful bell
New rings for duties done
New cares to honors won,
Or, for thy comrade gone,
Tolls out a knell.

O! Thou, whose promise nerved
Our fathers, when they served
For Liberty,
Still be their children's God,
Still with thy staff and rod
Show us the path they trod,
The path to Thee.

BENEDICTION.—Rev. Lennox B. Turnbull.

MUSIC.—The Mandolin Club.

The Presiding officer of the occasion will be Thomas S. Keenan, Esq., President of the Alumni Association.

The procession will form at the President's office at a quarter before 12 o'clock.

MEETING OF SUPERINTENDENTS.

The annual meeting of the North Carolina Superintendents' Association will be held at Chapel Hill Monday and Tuesday of this week. The first meeting will be held Monday night at 7:30.

Some of the papers that will be read are:

Civilization's Demands upon Teachers, or New Demands upon Teachers to Educate Harmoniously—Superintendent C. W. Toms of Durham.

A Working Hypothesis of Education—Superintendent E. S. Sheppe, Reidsville.

What and How in English Grammar—Superintendent Alexander Graham, Charlotte.

Relation of the Schools to the National and Commercial Interests of the Country—Superintendent Jno. J. Blair, Winston.

Arithmetic in the Wilmington Public Schools—Superintendent M. C. S. Noble, Wilmington.

A Course in Reading and Literature—Superintendent D. Matt. Thompson, Statesville.

Our Public Schools—The Hope and Safety of our Nation.—Superintendent Frank H. Curtis, of Shelby.

Education in the Eastern Towns.—Harry Howell, Principal of the Washington Graded School.

Tuesday night will be devoted to the consideration of the general school interests of North Carolina. At 7:30 Superintendent L. D. Howell, of the Raleigh Schools, will read a paper on "Illiteracy in North Carolina; Its Cause its and Cure." The discussion of this paper will be led by Superintendent Noble. Prof. P. P. Claxton, of the Normal School, will read a paper, "Our Teachers and Their Preparation." Superintendent Graham will lead the discussion of this subject.

It is expected that the meeting of Tuesday night will be attended by many besides members of the Association. State Superintendent Mebane will be there. The Governor is expected, as well as ex-Superintendent Scarborough, several members of the Education Committees of the Legislature, some county examiners, and former county superintendents, and members of city school boards, for representatives of all these classes have expressed their intention of listening to and participating in this discussion. Dr. Curry will also be present.

All who feel an interest in this question are invited to attend the meeting Tuesday night.

GEO. A. GRIMSLEY, Pres.
LOGAN D. HOWELL, Sec'y.

SPECIAL RATES.

The Southern Railway Company offers special rates to Chapel Hill for the benefit of persons desiring to attend the inauguration exercises and the meeting of graded school superintendents.

Tariff No. 2 will be used, which makes the rates from principal points as follows: Charlotte, $6.50; Danville, 4.85; Durham, 95 cents; Gastonia, 7.30; Goldsboro, 4.45; Greensboro, 3.00; Henderson, 3.25; Winston-Salem, 4.05; Hickory, 7.00; Marion, 8.40; Newton, 6.70; Norfolk, 7.45; Raleigh, 2.25; Rural Hall, 4.65; Selma, 3.65. Tickets on sale Jan. 25th to 27th; final limit Jan. 29th. Continuous passage in each direction.

Around the Lobby.

SENATOR GEO. H. SMATHERS.

The handsomest man in the General Assembly of 1897 is Senator Geo. H. Smathers, of the Thirty-third district, comprising the counties of Buncombe, Madison and Haywood. This gentleman was born at Turnpike, in Buncombe county, and is now a resident of Waynesville. Senator Smathers is 42 years of age and a Republican. He is one of the most popular members in the Assembly. Cultured in mind, genial in disposition, and generous at heart, his character enlists at once the admiration of all who are brought in contact with him. Although young in years Mr. Smathers has already won merited prominence in the courts of the State. He was appointed Special Assistant U. S. Attorney, during Harrison's term in special charge of the litigation of North Carolina Cherokee Indians, and he showed such a thorough knowledge and ability in the case that he was continued in the same office under Cleveland's administration. He was highly endorsed by Glenn on account of his knowledge of the litigation, and was retained in the office by Attorney General Olney upon request of Glenn.

It was upon Senator Smather's recommendation to Attorney-General Olney that the 53rd Congress made an appropriation of $68,000 to compromise with the defendants, alleged tresspassers, and this sum of money was paid them and the land turned over to the Indians, which act substantially closed the litigation in this justly celebrated case.

Senator Smathers is a brilliant lawyer, an eloquent speaker and can handle a jury in an able manner. He is very popular in his native town of Waynesville, where he has been twice honored with the position of mayor. He was nominated for the Senatorship by acclamation and was elected by a large majority. He had two opponents, one of whom he had a majority over of 605 votes, and the other 512.

Senator Smathers is popular with his colleagues, and has already been appointed on the following committees: Finance, Salaries and Fees, Privileges and Elections, Insurance, Counties, Cities and Towns, and he is a man with the brightest of possibilities before him in the political arena.

HON. E. A. AIKEN

Is a man whose fund of information and depth of classic learning makes it both pleasant and profitable to listen to him. Of ripe legislative experience and learned in parliamentary practice, he makes a legislator of ability and weight far beyond the ordinary. He was born in Transylvania county thirty-nine years ago, and is one of the best known politicians in the State. This is his second term in the House, having been a member of the previous General Assembly.

Mr. Aiken is a member of the State Board of Agriculture, and he takes great pride in the success of this department, and he has advanced many ideas that have benefitted this department.

He is an energetic worker in the interest of his party, and he has been a strong Republican ever since he took an interest in politics. Representative Aiken was nominated for the House during the recent campaign by acclamation. He has for many years been an officer of the Government in the capacity of Revenue Agent, and has passed through many exciting scenes where it took a steady nerve to win. He was one of the most feared of any Revenue Agent in the service on account of his bravery and fearlessness, and he fights the battles of his party in the Capital of our State in the same open-handed, fearless manner. The people of Transylvania County, in sending this gentleman to the Legislature, send a man who will do them much honor and is a credit to the Republican party.

Special dispatches to the Manufacturers' Record indicate a general trend of business toward improvement, although no marked change has yet taken place.

One thing to do!
And we do it!
To please and satisfy customers.

ROYALL & BORDEN

That's why we enjoy such a large trade. When you come in our store you will find a complete stock. New, Finest Quality, Lowest Prices, Polite Salesmen.

No Old Goods Sold for New.

We invite everybody to call and inspect our goods. Prices guaranteed.

Open at Night.

ROYALL & BORDEN,
Leaders of Low Prices.

Fayetteville Street Entrance Through Stronach's Dry Goods Store. Telephone No. 266 B.

The sun has his Eclipse. We have our ECLIPSE. The sun's Eclipse cannot raise your tobacco and cotton, but our ECLIPSE Eclipses all other Eclipses; therefore, use our ECLIPSE and Eclipse past records. **It is the best and made at home.** For sale everywhere.

Caraleigh Phosphate and Fertilizer Works
RALEIGH, N. C.

"All Right" Cook Stoves
ARE GOOD STOVES.

We have sold them for thirty years and have testimonials from many of our customers who have been using them from twenty to twenty-five years; the Stoves are better and the prices are cheaper than ever before.

Julius Lewis Hardware Co.

Raleigh Stationery Company,
131 Fayetteville Street.

We carry in stock a complete line of typewriter's supplies and the latest and best Counting-house Stationery made, Typewriters, Mimeographs, Hektographs, all the latest and best labor-saving devices and office appliances.

Our stock is complete in every line. We are leaders in Low Prices. We invite you to examine our stock and get our prices before buying.
OFFICE AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY.

W. G. SEPARK, Manager.

TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES.

A DIFFERENT REFRACTION in the two eyes of the same person is quite commom. One eye may be correct and the other long-sighted or far-sighted, or they may have different degrees of same defect or one eye may be far-sighted and the other near-sighted. No charge fortesting eyes.

H. MAHLER'S SONS,
Jewelers and Opticians,
RALEIGH, N. C.

TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES.

J. H. GILL, Founder and Machinist,
McDowell and Davie Street, Raleigh.
Columns for Buildings, Caps and Bases, Sash Weights, Cotton Planters, Plows and Plow Castings, Fire Dogs, and all kinds of Castings.

THE
Commercial and Farmers Bank
RALEIGH, N. C.

Commenced Business September 30, 1891.

Statement of Condition December 31, 1896.

CAPITAL STOCK,	$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND,	16,000.00
NET UNDIVIDED PROFITS,	8,708.47
DEPOSITS,	330,033.23

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for R

OFFICERS:
J. J. Thomas, Pres. Alf. A. Thompson, Vice Pres.
B. S. Jerman, Cashier. H. W. Jackson, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
J. J. Thomas, Ashley Horne, G. W. Watts, J. B. Hill, H. B. Battle, B. N. Thos. H. Briggs, A. F. Page, Fred. Philips, H. A. London, A. A. Thompson, Scott, R. B. Raney, J. E. Shepherd.

The National Bank of Raleigh
RALEIGH, N. C.

Capital Paid In,	$225,000.
Surplus and Undivided Profits,	80,000.

Officers:
Chas. H. Belvin, President. Chas. L. Johnson, Vice Pres.
F. H. Briggs, Cashier.

Directors:
Chas. M. Busbee, Chas. H. Belvin, Julius Lewis,
J. A. Briggs, Thos. B. Crowder, F. O. Moring,
J. B. Batchelor, Chas E. Johnson, W. R. Tucker.

Depositors' Security and Protection.—(Section 5151, from United States Banking Laws.) "The shareholders of every national banking association shall be held individually responsible, equably and ratably, and not one for another, for all contracts, debts, and engagements of such association, to the extent of the amount of their stock therein, at the par value thereof, in addition to the amount invested in such shares."

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Grocers,
222 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

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Staple and Fancy Groceries
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Keep out of the tub, and send your clothes to

THE EXCELSIOR STEAM LAUNDRY

Where we neither rub,
Nor do we scrub
And wear out the clothes so,
But make them white as snow,

BY A STEAM PROCESS.

Shirts, 10c.; Collars and Cuffs, 2c. each—High Gloss or Domestic Finish. Express paid one way on work sent us from all parts of the State.

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BUCK'S GREAT
White Enamel Line
Stoves and Ranges

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Raisin Seeders,
Price 75 Cents.
Works perfectly.

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Draught or in Bottles, Every
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to the trade.

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be found at all hours, day
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and Cigars, the best
market affords.

NO BEARING ON STOCKS

Clearing House Exchanges Show Gratifying Increase.

BEARISH FEELING AGAINST RAILWAYS

GRAIN, PROVISION, FLOUR AND OTHER MARKETS

Easy at Former Prices—No Material Changes in Cotton or Futures, but a Fair Demand.

New York, Jan. 23.—Neither the favorable bank statement nor the fact that the clearing house exchanges for the week showed a gratifying increase in clearings as compared with last year, had any influence on the stock market today. The absence of foreign orders was severely felt and local traders showed a disposition to hammer the market from start to finish. Reports of poor earnings on the Western roads and the sluggish movement of corn, which is attributed to the low price for that cereal, added to the bearish feeling against the railways. There was also a pressure to sell the trust stocks because of the decision rendered yesterday by Judge Fitzgerald against the Directors of the Tabacco Company, who will now have to stand trial. Tobacco stock led the downward movement, dropping from 76 to 73½.

Private wire of John A. Duncan, No. 307 Wilmington street, Raleigh, N. C.

STOCKS.

New York, Jan. 23.—The stock market showed a reactionary temper today due apparently to the apathy of important interests which encouraged bears to sell with more confidence. The failure of London and local speculation to respond to the announcement of the Government-Union Pacific agreement, was something of a damper upon sentiment The coal stocks showed early weakness but recovered partially. The International stocks lost ground The market closed heavy and unsettled. Government bonds were substantially unchanged and railway bonds were irregular.

Sugar ran off from 117 ⅝ to 116 ¼; leather preferred from 62½ to 61⅝, and Manhattan from 91⅞ to 90⅝. In the general run of stocks the losses were ½ to 1c. A considerable short interest was created and as the session drew to a close there was a disposition to even up contracts. Tobacco rallied 1⅝ to 74⅞, and other stocks recovered ½@⅝c. Speculation closing steady in tone. Union Pacific rose to 8 on the announcement of the syndicate to pay off the government lien, but London turned seller and the rise was afterwards lost. The total sales were only 84,103 shares. Net changes ⅛@¼ loss, except Delaware and Hudson, which gained ⅞ and Long Island, which advanced ½c.

Bonds were firm. Total sales $179,000.

WHEAT.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—There has been no new statistical feature introduced in the wheat market during the past week, and so far as we can judge the general situation apparently remains unchanged. There have been some enlargements made upon the subject of poor crop prospects in the Argentine Republic and the amount of wheat Europe will require during the remainder of the season, with the much talked of possibility that we will not have enough wheat to go around, but outside of these there has been nothing to startle the trade, and the week has been a quiet one, in a speculative way. The feeling has, on the whole, been bearish, and with the amount of selling supposed to have been indulged in, many of the smaller traders who have been trying to follow the professionals are a little astounded at the strength shown under 80c. It is quite apparent, however, that some of the larger shorts consider a six cent break sufficient for the time being and were willing to cover at least a part of their lines, this buying the principal case of the steadiness.

Primary receipts for the week were 1,402,000 bushels. For the first three weeks of January 4,519,000 bushels against 7,600,000 last year. Northwest receipts for the week aggregated 1,497 cars against 1,747 last week and 2,426 last year, while exports from both coasts were 2,900,000 (about the same as a week ago) but nearly a million less than last year. The market today has been firm, with a narrow range. The principal feature has been good covering by local shorts, probably 3,000,000 bushels, and the fact that the market only shows a gain of about ½c for the day on this heavy buying does not look like an encouraging feature.

Corn—Coarse grain continues on dull level.

Provisions have remained steady, being affected by hog receipts, trade is still light. Hogs estimated for Monday 42,000.

LAMSON BROTHERS & CO.

COTTON.

New York, Jan. 23.—The speculation today was very dull and featureless. At first prices declined 1 to 5 points, in sympathy with a lower market in Liverpool, but in the absence of any pressure to sell, the most active months, March and May, recovered the loss and advanced 1 to 2 points. But owing to the dullness, the tone became easier towards the close and the last quotations were unchanged, to 2 points lower. Sales were only 38,100 bales. Liverpool declined 1 32d. on spots, with sales of 8,000 bales; futures there declined 1½ to 2½ points. Spot cotton here was dull and unchanged, no sales. Middling uplands 7 5-16 against 8 5-16 last year. Memphis received today 172 bales against 280 last week, and 411 last year. Houston, 1,354 against 4,232 last week and 1,963 last year.

The Chronicle states that rain has been general in the South during the week, retarding to some extent the movement of the crop; that the moisture has been beneficial generally although interfering in a measure with spring crops; that a Mobile correspondent reports large sales of fertilizers in Alabama.

There came into sight during the week 128,361 bales against 11,774 last week, making total in sight, 6,799,759 against 5,410,682 this time last season. Northern spinners have taken thus for this season 1,060,241 bales against 1,04,721 on the same time last season. The exports from the ports thus far this season aggregate 4,004,234 bales against 5,635,348 in the same time last season. Total world's visible supply is now 4,132,657 bales, including 3,796, 357 American, against 2,977,216 at this time last season, of which 3,555,016 were American and 4,896,988 in 1895 of which 4,576,788 were American.

McINTITE & WADDELL.

MONEY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 23.—Money on call 1½a2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3a3½ per cent. Bar silver 64⅞. Sterling exchange inactive, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84½a4.84⅝ for 60 days and 4.86¾a4.87 for demand. Posted rates 4.85½a4.88. Commercial bills 4.83a4.84. Government bonds steady. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds irregular. Silver at the board was neglected.

STOCKS.

American Cotton Oil	13
pref'd	55
American Sugar Refinery	116⅝
pref'd	103
American Tobacco	74¾
pref'd	103
Atchison	14
B & O	15
Canadian Pacific	54
C. & O	17
Chicago & Alton	165
C., B. & Q	74
Chicago Gas	77½
Delaware & Lackawana	153½
D. and C. F	
Erie	14⅝
pref'd	34
General Electric	34½
Illinois Central	94
L. E. & W	17
pref'd	68½
Lake Shore	152
L. & N	50⅝
L., N. A. & C	4
Manhattan Consolidated	90⅞
M. & C	15
Michigan Central	89
Missouri Pacific	21¾
Mobile & Ohio	21
Nash. & Chat	67½
U. S. Cordage	
pref'd	
N. J. Central	99½
N. Y. Central	94
N. Y. & N. E	40
N. & W. pref'd	16½
Northern Pacific	13
pref'd	32¾
N. W	103⅝
pref'd	151½
Pacific Mail	24⅝
Reading	25⅝
Rock Island	67¾
St. Paul	75⅝
pref'd	131
Silver Certificates	65
Tenn. Coal & Iron	28⅝
pref'd	72
Texas Pacific	9½
Union Pacific	7⅞
Wabash	6½
pref'd	16½
Western Union	83¾
W. & L. E	2⅛
pref'd	11

BONDS.

Alabama, class A	104½
B	103½
C	98½
La. B. 4's	95½
N. C. 4's	100
6's	122
Tenn. new set. 3's	77½
Va. 6's, def	5
Va. T. R. S	5⅝
Va. F. D	62
U. S. 4's reg	111½
coup	112
2's	96
So. Railway 5's	90
con	94
pref'd	68½
S. C. 4½'s	102½
U. S. new 4's, Dec	121⅝
Coup	121⅝

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

New York, January 23.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$4,895,275
Loans, dcrease	1,060,500
Specie, increase	1,312,800
Legal tenders, increase	5,105,800
Deposits, increase	6.093,300
Circulation, decrease	264,200

The banks now hold $56,994,800 in excess of legal requirements.

TREASURY BALANCES.

New York, Jan. 23.—Treasury balances: Coin, $122,746,110; currency, $49,-994,384.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 23.—The wheat market was stupidly dull but withal firm today. Operations were confined mainly to covering by local shorts, the last day of the week and some little uncertainty as to whether the contents of the government report on Monday will be favorable or unfavorable to prices, tending to induce conservative buying. The unexpected development of a low barometer in the Southwest, attended by a snowfall which promised to be heavy, tempered a bullish feeling which began to make itself apparent yesterday and which was more prominent this morning. Fluctuations were within narrow limits, but the range was slightly higher than the close of yesterday's market.

May wheat opened from 79⅞ to 80, sold between 79⅞a78 and 80¼, closing at 80¼a80¼a80⅜c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ¼a½c per bushel higher.

Corn—The corn market struggled along in the even tenor of its way, responding moderately to the temper of wheat, prices, however, holding within restricted limits and business showing no signs of improvement. May corn opened at 24, sold at 24½, closing at 24— a shade under yesterday. Cash corn was steady with no essential change in prices quoteble.

Oats—Nothing new developed in the oats market. Business was moderate and confined almost exclusively to the transactions of local traders. The firmness of wheat was the controlling factor in determining the course of prices of oats. May oats closed unchanged from yesterday. Cash oats were steady, with no alteretion in prices.

Provisions—The provision market had very little life to it. The packers and one or two commission houses executed a few small and unimportant orders, but there was no influential business, either in the way of buying or selling. The hog market was steady, which tone was, likewise, predominant in product. May pork closed 5c. higher; May lard 2½a5c. higher; May ribs 2½c. higher.

Hides were quiet and steady; natives heavy, 9a9½; light 8a8½; native cows heavy, 8½; light 8¾; butt brands heavy, 8¼; light 7½; Texas heavy 8a8¼; light 7¾a8.

Leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open'g.	Clos'g.
WHEAT—No. 2.		
January	77¼	77¼
May	79⅝a80	80½
July	75¾	75½
CORN—		
January	22	22
May	24	24
July	25a25½	25½
OATS—		
January	15½	15½
May	17¾	17¾
July	18⅜	18⅜
MESS PORK—		
January	$7.87½	$7.87½
May	7.97½	8.00
LARD—		
January	3.97½	3.97½
May	4.07½	4.10
SHORT RIBS—		
January	4.05	4.05
May	4.10	4.12½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; hard wheat bakers' in sacks $3.00a3 25; winter wheat $4.30a4 50 in wood. No. 2 spring wheat 77¾a79¼; No. 2 red 88¼a90½. No. 2 corn 22¼. No. 2 oats 16a16¼. Mess pork $7.90a 7.92½. Lard $3.95a3.97½. Short rib sides $3 95a4.20. Dry-salt shoulders $4 25a 4.50. Short clear sides $4.12½a4.25. Whiskey $1.18.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 23.—Cotton futures closed quiet and steady; sales 38,100 bales; January 7.00; February 7.00; March 7.07; April 7.14; May 7 21; June 7.26; July7 31; August 7.32; September 7.00; October 6.83; November 6.85; December 6.90.

Cotton quiet; middling 7 5-16; net receipts, — bales; gross receipts, — bales; exports to Great Britain, — bales; to France, — bales; to the Continent, — bales; forwarded, — bales; sales, — bales; spinners — bales; stock 294,727 bales. Total today—net receipts, 27,459 bales; exports to Great Britain, 30,161 bales; to France, — bales; to the Continent, 15,-180 bales; to the Channel, — bales; stock, 1,055,033 bales. Total since September 1—net receipts, 5,390,070 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,231,189 bales; to France, 489,493 bales; to the Continent, 1,276,174 bales; to the Channel — bales; stock, — bales.

TOTAL VISIBLE SUPPLY.

New York, Jan. 23.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4,132,-657 bales, of which 3,796,357 bales are American, against 3,977,216 bales and 3,555,016 bales respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 72,252 bales Receipts from the plantations 190,482 bales. Crop in sight 6,799,759 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 23.—12:30 p. m.—Cotton quiet, price 13 32d lower; American middling 4d; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,700 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales; receipts 9,000 bales; American 8,900. Futures opened quiet, demand moderate. American middling, l. m. c.—January 3.60; February and March, 3.60; March and April, 3.60; April and May, 3 60; May and June, 3 61a3.60; June and July, 3.61; July and August, 3 62a3 61; August and September, 3.60; November and December 3.40. Futures quiet.

1 P. M.—January, 3.60; January and February 3. 9a3.60s; February and March, March and April, 3.59a3.62; April and May, 3.60s; May and June, 3.60b; June and July, 3.60a3.61b; July and August, 3.61b; August and September, 3 59a3 60; September and October 3 53v; October and November (unofficial), 3.60v. Futures closed quiet.

OTHER COTTON MARKETS.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 23.—Cotton futures steady; sales 31,500 bales; January, 6 80; February, 6 82; March, 6.90; April, 6.90; May, 7.02; June, 7.08; July, 7.13; August, 7.03; September, 6.74; October, 6.62.

January 23.

Galveston steady, 7, 2,435 bales.
Norfolk quiet, 6 15-16, 954 bales.
Baltimore nominal, 7 5-16, —— bales.
Boston steady, 7 5-16, 301 bales.
Wilmington steady, 6½, 547 bales.
Philadelphia quiet, 7 9-16, 731 bales.
Savannah quiet, steady, 6 13 16, 3,050 bales.
New Orleans quiet, steady, 7⅜, 1 ,733 bales.
Mobile firm, 6¾, 1,973 bales.
Memphis steady, 6 15-16, 172 bales.
Augusta firm, 7½, 581 bales.
Charleston firm, 6 15-16, 978 bales.
Cincinnati quiet, 7, 717 bales.
Louisville firm, 6 15-16, —— bales.
St. Louis firm, 7, —— bales.
Houston steady, 7, 1,354 bales.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 23.—Flour dull, steady; winter wheat, low grades $2.30a3.35; do. fair to fancy $3.50a4.75; do. patents $4 95 a5.15; Minnesota clear patents $4.50a4.00; patents $4.35a5.15; low extras $2.30a3.35.

Southern flour dull but steady; common to fair extra $3.30a3.65; good to choice do. $3.75a4 05.

Wheat—spot market quiet, firmer; No. 2 red, f. o. b. 97⅜; ungraded red 78a98; No. 1 Northern 92⅜. Options dull and firm at ¼a¼c advance; No. 2 red, January 88⅛; March 89⅝; May 83⅜.

Corn—Spots dull, steady; No. 2, 28½ in elevator; 29½ afloat; steamer mixed ——. Options were dull and steady at unchanged prices without features; January 28½; May 30; July 31.

Oats—spots dull, steady; options dull, firm; January 22; February 22; May 22½. Spot prices—No. 2, 22; No. 2 white 24½; mixed western 20a23.

Hay quiet, weak; shipping 55; good to choice 72½a80.

Hides firm; wet salted, Havana selected, 35a50 pounds, at 8; Texas dry, 21a 25 pounds, 12a13.

Wool quiet; domestic fleece 16a23; pulled 18a31.

Beef firm; family $9.25a10 50; extra mess $7.00a8 00.

Beef hams strong at $17.50.

Tierced beef dull, barely steady; city extra India mess $13.00a14.00.

Cut meats firm; pickled bellies 4⅝; shoulders 4¼a4⅝; hams 8¼a9.

Lard quiet, firm; western steam $4.25, nominal; city $3.75a3.80; January $4 20; refined slow; continent $4.55; South America $4 80; compound 4¼a4½.

Pork steady; new mess $8.25a9 00.

Butter quiet; fancy firm; State dairy 10a15½; do. creamery 13a19; Elgins 29.

Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 15½; ice house 12a12½; western fresh 15; do case $2.00a3.00; Southern 14¼a14½; limed 13.

Cottonseed oil quiet, barely steady; crude 20; yellow prime23½.

Petroleum dull, refined New York 6.30; Philadelphia 6.15; do in bulk 3.65a3-70.

Rosin quiet; strained, common to good $1.70a1.72½.

Turpentine steady at 27½a28.

Rice firm; domestic fair to extra 3¾a6; Japan 4¼a4¾.

Molasses steady; New Orleans open kettle, good to choice new 25a32.

Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 3¾a4

Coffee steady, 5a10 points down; January $9 35; February $9.35; March $9.40; September $9.50a9.55; spot Rio dull, easy; No. 7, 9¼.

Sugar—raw quiet, steady; fair refining 2 13-16; refined quiet; all hards ⅛c lower; Nos. 1 and 2 1-16c lower; off A 3¾a4 1-16; standard A 4⅜; cut loaf 5; crushed 5; granulated 4⅜.

Freights to Liverpool—market quiet; cotton quiet by steam 15-128d; grain by steam 2¾d.

BALTIMORE PRODUCE MARKET.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 23.—Flour dull; western super $2.75a3.20; do extra $3.40 a4.05; do family $4.40a4 75; winter wheat patent $4.90a5.15; spring o do $4.60a4.65; do do straight $4.40a4.60.

Wheat inactive and firmer; spot 91¼ bid; May 87⅞a88; Southern by sample 91a93; do on grade 86¾a 1⅛.

Corn firmer; spot and January 25¾a 25⅞; February 25¾a26; March 26¼a26¼; April 27a27½; steamer mixed 23¾a23¾; Southern white 22a27; do yellow 21¼a26½.

Oats quiet; No. 2 white 24a24½; No. 2 mixed 21a22.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Virginia 3's, 76¼a72; do century 63; B. & O. 14½; B. & O. S. W. 1st 95a100½.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 23.—Flour steady; winter patent $4.75a4.95; do fancy $4.25 a4.50.

Wheat quiet, barely steady; No. 2 red 92a92½.

Corn dull, lower; No. 2. white ——; No. 2 mixed 17.

Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 19.

Pork clear family $8.75; clear butt $8.50.

Lard—kettle steady at 4⅜; prime steam $3.90

Dry salt meats— houlders 4c; short rib 4½; short celar 4¼; clear bellies 4⅜.

Bacon—loose shoulders 4¼; loose short rib 4½; short clear sides 4⅝; loose clear bellies 5¼.

Butter—Elgin 21½; Ohio and Indiana creamery 15a17.

Whiskey active, $1.18.

NAVAL STORES.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 23.—Closing—Rosin firm; strained $1.45; good strained $1.50.

Spirits of turpentine steady; machine 25⅝; irregular 24½.

Tar quiet at 90.

Crude turpentine steady; hard $1.30; soft $——; Virgin $1.80.

Charleston, S. C., Jan. 23.—Turpentine dull; sales ——.

Rosin firm; sales ——.

Savannah, Ga., Jan. 23 —Turpentine firm at 25½; sales 96; receipts 364.

Rosin firm; sales 187; receipts 4,363; A, B, C, D, $1.55, E 1.60, F, 1.60, G 1.70, H 1.75, I 1.85, K 1.90, M 1.90, N 1.90 W G 2.00, W W 2.15.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 21.—The week closes quietly in all departments of both the cotton and woolen goods divisions of the dry goods market, but with a larger volume of business accomplished in the aggregate during the six days than for a number of weeks past. So far as it goes, this is encouraging, but the immediate situation is hardly relieved thereby, and sellers are in most directions quite easy to deal with.

The Raleigh Market.

COTTON.

Market extremely quiet; demand good but sales lighter than in many years for January. The explanation is that the cotton is not in the country. The crop was unusually early.

Strict good middling	7
Good middling	6¾
Strict middling	6¾
Middling	6⅝

Receipts on market yesterday 17 bales.

The Mail and Express.

The Leading Evening Newspaper.

Stands without a rival in evening journalism.

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ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD, the closing quotations of the Stock, Produce, Consolidated and other exchanges, and the most exhaustive Financial, Railway and Commercial reports printed in any daily newspaper.

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AS A FAMILY NEWSPAPER it is peerless; its columns are clean and free from the sensationalism which so many of the best families find objectionable in a newspaper which enters the home circle.

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Saturday edition, 20 to 32 pages, containing many special features, one year, 1.50

Send for sample copy.

PUBLICATION OFFICE
203 Broadway, New York.

FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

London, Jan. 23.—Bar silver 29½d; consols 112 5-16 for money and 112⅝ for the account.

Paris, Jan. 23 (4:30 p. m.)—Three per cent rentes 102f; 65c for the account.

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.

Articles of Agreement, Certificate of Clerk and Letters Patent.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

We, the undersigned, being desirous of engaging in the business hereinafter set forth and described, do hereby enter into articles of agreement for that purpose pursuant to chapter 16 of the Code of North Carolina, entitled "Corporations and Acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina amendatory thereof," that is to say:

I. The corporation name shall be the Tribune Publishing Company.

II. The business proposed shall be the publication of one or more newspapers, conducting the business of job printing and binding and carrying on such business as is usually done by printing and publishing companies.

III. The place where said business is proposed to be carried on is Raleigh, North Carolina, and such other place or places for branch offices as the Board of Directors may determine.

IV. The length of time desired for the existence of said corporation is thirty years from and after the dates of these articles next entering.

V. The names of the persons who have subscribed for stock in said corporation are as follows, viz: C. M. Kenyon, C. J. Harris, F. M. Messler, J. B. Hill and their associates.

VI. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be $50,000, divided into 2,000 shares of the par value of $10.00 each, with liberty to the stockholders to increase the amount of said capital stock from time to time, or at any time, to an amount not exceeding $50,000, divided into a proportionate number of shares of the par value of ten dollars each.

VII. The said corporation may purchase or lease and hold all such real and personal and mixed property incident to the business aforesaid and necessary and useful for that purpose as the Board of Directors shall determine, and subscription for stock in said corporation may be paid wholly or in part by the purchase from the subscriber of property at such appraised valuation as may be agreed on between the Board of Directors and such subscriber.

VIII. The corporation subscribers of stock and stockholders of said corporation shall not be individually or personally responsible or liable for the debts, contracts, pecuniary obligations, engagements or torts of said corporation.

IX. The time and place of the first meeting of the corporators and subscribers for stock in said corporation for purposes of organization is hereby expressly waived.

In testimony whereof, the undersigned have hereunto set our hands and seals, this the sixth day of January, 1897.

C. M. KENYON,
F. M. MESSLER,
J. B. HILL.

Subscribing witness:
WILLIAM O. O'NEILL.

NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

I. D. H. Young, Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County, do hereby certify that the foregoing articles of agreement and plan of incorporation was this day proven before me, and the due execution thereof by. C. M. Kenyon, F. M. Messler and J. B. Hill, the subscribers thereto, is proven by the oath of William O. O'Neill, the subscribing witness thereto. Therefore, let the same be recorded according to law.

Witness my hand and official seal this the 16th day of January, 1897.

D. H. YOUNG,
Clerk Superior Court.

No. 443.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

To all to whom these presents shall come—

GREETING:

KNOW YE, That it appears from the certificate from the Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County, that the following named persons, C. M. Kenyon, F. M. Messler and J. B. Hill, heretofore on the 6th day of January, 1897, signed and filed Articles of Agreement for the formation of a private corporation before said Clerk, and copy of said Articles of Agreement, duly certified by said Clerk under the seal of said Court, have been filed and recorded in this office, as prescribed in chapter 318 of the Acts of 1893.

NOW, THEREFORE, Under the power and authority vested in me by said chapter 318 of said Acts of 1893, I do hereby declare the persons signing said Articles of Agreement duly incorporated, under the name and style of the Tribune Publishing Company, for the period of thirty years from and after the 19th day of January, 1897, for the purposes set forth in said Articles of Agreement, with all the powers, rights and liabilities conferred and imposed by law on such corporations.

Witness, my hand and the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at office in the City of Raleigh, this 19th day of January, in the 121st year of our Independence, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

CYRUS THOMPSON,
Secretary of State.

The Sun.

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Old Clothing Made New.

Dr. W. C. HARRIS,
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We buy or loan money on Old Clothing, Watches, Pistols, Guns, Musical Instruments. Suits cleaned, 75c.; cleaned and dyed $1.50.

East Hargett Street, below Central Hotel, Raleigh, N. C.

School and College Text-Books

AT ONE-HALF PRICE.

All kinds of Books bought, sold and exchanged, especially School and Law Books.

We furnish them at prices lower than Northern houses and in much less time

Our's is the largest stock of Law and School Books, Stationery, School and General Office Supplies, and we occupy the largest and oldest book-store in the State.

N. C. Reports from $1.50 each up, in odd volumes or complete sets

Give us a trial order, and list your books for sale or exchange.

Southern Law Book Exchange,
M. M. SMITH, Manager.
A. Williams' old stand, 119 Fayetteville St.

SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

(PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.)

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect June 14, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH, DAILY:

"NORFOLK & CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—Solid vestibuled train with sleeper from Norfolk to Chattanooga, via Salisbury, Morganton, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville.

Connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville and Keysville, except Sunday. At Greensboro with Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled (limited) train for all points north, and with main line train No. 12 for Danville, Richmond and intermediate stations; also has connection for Winston-Salem, and with main line train No. 35, "United States Fast Mail," for Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Atlanta and all points South; also Columbia, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points in Florida. Sleeping car for Atlanta, Jacksonville, and at Charlotte with sleeping car for Augusta.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m. daily—Solid train, consisting of Pullman sleeping cars and coaches from Chattanooga to Norfolk, arriving at Norfolk at 5:20 p. m., in time to connect with the Old Dominion, Merchants & Miners', Norfolk & Washington, and Baltimore, Chesapeake & Richmond Steamship Companies for all points north and east.

Connects at Selma for Fayetteville and intermediate stations on the Wilson & Fayetteville Short Cut daily; daily except Sunday for Newbern and Morehead City; daily for Goldsboro and Wilmington and intermediate stations on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:55 a. m. daily—Connects at Durham for Oxford, Keysville, Richmond; at Greensboro for Washington and all points north.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily.—For Goldsboro and intermediate stations.

LOCAL.

2:00 a. m. daily—Connects at Greensboro for all points north and south and Winston-Salem and points on the Northwestern North Carolina Railroad; at Salisbury for all points in Western North Carolina, Knoxville, Tenn., Cincinnati and western points; at Charlotte for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points south.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH:

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m., daily—From Atlanta, Charlotte, Greensboro and all points south.

LOCAL.

7:10 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro and all points north and south. Sleeping car from Greensboro to Raleigh.

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—From all points east, Norfolk, Tarboro, Wilson and water lines.

From Goldsboro, Wilmington, Fayetteville, and all points in Eastern Carolina.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

1:40 a. m. daily—From New York Washington, Lynchburg, Danville and Greensboro, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville.

LOCAL.

9:00 p. m. daily, except Sunday—From Goldsboro and all points east.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:55 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 24, 1897.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Raleigh and Vicinity.

Fair; colder Sunday.

Forecast for North Carolina.

Fair tonight and Sunday. Colder tonight. Colder in the extreme east portion Sunday.

Weather Conditions.

The storm has moved across Canada to the New England coast, causing light snow in the east Lake region and on the north Atlantic coast. A slight disturbance is central over Nebraska, causing snow in the upper Mississippi valley. In the south and east the weather continues fair. It is considerably colder throughout the north; the lowest is 14 degrees below zero, at Bismarck, and a fall of twenty degrees or more occurred during the past 24 hours at Cincinnati, Pittsburg and Marquette, and a fall of 30 degrees at Chicago.

C. F. VON HERRMANN,
Section Director.

Personals.

Mr. Alfred Williams is out of the city.

Miss Mary Litchford is away on a visit.

Col. A. B. Andrews arrived yesterday.

Mrs. J. J. Thomas has returned home.

Mr. F. O. Rogers, of Concord, is in the city.

Mr. J. L. C. Byrd, of Marion, is at the Park.

Senators Grant and Odom have gone home.

Mr. Walter Lassiter, of Winston, is in the city.

Mr. J. C. Caddell was in Raleigh Saturday.

Attorney-General Z. V. Walser left yesterday.

J. L. Graham is out, after an attack of la grippe.

Mr. J. C. Moody, of Greensboro, is at the Park.

Rev. S. F. Conrad, of Winston, is in the city.

Rev. H. H. Mashburn has returned to Wake Forest.

Mr. Jacob Sharp has gone to his home in Nash county.

Capt. R. B. Davis, of Wilmington, is in Raleigh.

Senator A. M. Scales is spending Sunday out of the city.

Mrs. Ike Langston and Joseph Gulley came in on the mail yesterday.

Representative Holmes, of Orange county, is spending Sunday at home.

Col. L. H. Yarboro, of St. Mary's Township, was in town Saturday.

Mr. J. W. McNeill, a promising young Republican attorney of Winston, is here.

Representative Hancock will spend Sunday in Goldsboro where his wife is.

Mr. J. W. B. Watson is confined to his home on Hillsboro street with la grippe.

Representatives Chapin, of Harnett, and Dockery, of Richmond, have gone home.

Miss Mary Johnson, who has been visiting friends in Norfolk, returned home yesterday.

Mr. C. T. Bailey has gone to Warrenton. This is the last visit he will pay to that place in this capacity.

Mr. Octavius Coke, of this city, has accepted the State agency for Wm. J. Bryan's book, "The First Battle."

P. S. Steele, of Knoxville, Tenn., was in the city yesterday selling his line of goods to the liquor merchants.

Mr. M. L. Wood and Capt. A. S. Peace, are reported as resting well yesterday. Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Peace are here.

Miss Mattie Lee, of Goldsboro, who was here to attend the marriage of her friend, Miss Mary Miller, went home yesterday.

Mr. George Davis, of Wake Forest, was in Raleigh Saturday. He has become the champion possum hunter in of the county.

Rev. W. C. Norman is confined at his home with la grippe. Dr. B. F. Dixon will occupy his pulpit this morning and tonight.

Mr. W. K. Farmer, representing Charles A. Yost & Co., of New York manufacturers and wholesalers of summer clothing, &c., is in the city.

CITY TAXES.

You Must Pay Now, Says the Collector.

About two-thirds of the city taxes have been paid and it is a month since the taxes were due. The time has been extended and everything done to favor the delinquents, but patience has ceased to be a virtue, and Collector Hutchings says he will resort to other measures the first of February.

It is a notorious fact that there are places in Raleigh which are sold year after year for taxes, when the parties are able to pay if they would try. This year this is going to be avoided, as far as possible, by levying on personal property instead of selling the real estate.

To the Boarding Houses.

Don't let the members of the Legislature complain that they do not have fruit on the table when you can get oranges and bananas at 15 cents per dozen at Dughi's.

Malaga grapes 15 and 25 cents per pound at Dughi's.

If you have a bad cold, hot lemonade is the best medicine for it, and Dughi has a plenty of lemons.

Someone may tell you that there are no fresh cocoanuts in Raleigh, but you need not believe it. Dughi has a plenty of them.

ALL WILL BE WELCOMED

TO SERVICES IN THESE CHURCHES TODAY.

Where Citizens of Raleigh and Visitors May Attend Church and the Themes Our Divines Have Chosen.

The Raleigh Baptist Tabernacle, Dr. A. M. Simms, pastor. In the morning Dr. Simms will speak on "Practical Christian Manhood," and in the evening on "The Power of Human Desire." Sunday school at 9:30, N. B. Boughton, Superintendent.

At the Fayetteville Street Baptist Church Rev. W. H. H. Lawhon will preach in the morning and Rev. L. H. Green at night.

The Church of the Good Shepherd, Episcopal, on Hillsboro. Rev. I. McK. Pittinger, the rector, will conduct the services. His subject in the evening will be, "Choosing a Profession," especially addressed to young men.

Services at the Edenton Street Methodist Episcopal Church both in the morning and evening, will be conducted by Dr. B. F. Dixon, since the pastor, Dr. W. C. Norman, is sick. Sunday-school at 9:30. W. J. Young, Superintendent.

The Central Methodist Episcopal Church, on Person Street. Preaching in the morning and evening by the pastor, Rev. E. M. Glenn. He will speak in the morning on "Caleb." Sunday-school at 9:30.

Church of the Sacred Heart, Catholic. Services by Father Price.

The First Baptist Church, corner of Salisbury and Edenton Sts. The pastor, Dr. J. W. Carter, will occupy the pulpit. Sunday school at 9:30. S. W. Brewer, Superintendent.

Presbyterian Church, corner of Salisbury and Morgan streets. The pastor, Dr. Eugene Daniel, will preach. Sunday school at 9:30; H. W. Jackson, Superintendent.

Christian Church, on Hillsboro street. Preaching by Rev. J. L. Foster, the pastor. Sunday-school at 9:30.

Rev. S. M. Conrad, of Winston, will preach at the West End Baptist Church this morning and evening.

Raleigh News.

THE TRIBUNE today publishes the first proclamation issued by Governor Russell. Seventy-five dollars' reward is offered for John Keel.

The Raleigh Male Academy, under the management of Messrs. Morson and Denson, has become the pride of the city. They have now about ninety scholars.

The Governor's Guards have about determined to attend the inauguration of Gov. McKinley on March 4th. In fact, it is probable that the whole First Regiment may attend.

Ralph Bingham, the humorist and leeturer, will give an entertainment in this city February 5, 1897, for the benefit of the Church Improvement Society of the First Baptist Church.

Three marriage licenses were issued yesterday. The parties were Anderson Parham and Sarah Locklear, Tommie Wiggins and Annie Carroll, and James Bodie and Easter Rogers, all colored.

An ad. appears elsewhere of the Capital Printing Company. This is one of the livest business houses in the city. If you have anything to be printed it will pay you to call on them. This is the old house of Barnes Bros., which is known all over the State.

Mr. Thomas Pescud, the grocer, carries a fine line of goods, and he is not backward about saying so. He caters to the best class of trade, and it is safe to say he gets it. Several specialties are mentioned in his advertisement in THE TRIBUNE, and he has hundreds of others. It is an old saying: "When you want something good to eat, go to Pescud's."

Oysters served up to date at Denton's, opposite P. O.

Visit Denton's Saloon and Restaurant when in the city. Opposite P. O.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

$75.00 REWARD.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, official information has been received at this department that John Keel, a white man, late of the county of Pitt, stands charged with the murder of David Crandall. And whereas, it appears that the said John Keel has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him.

Now, therefore, I, Daniel L. Russell, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of seventy-five dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said John Keel to the Sheriff of Pitt county at the Courthouse in Greenville, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh, the twenty third day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and in the one hundred and twenty-first year of our American Independence.

DANIEL L. RUSSELL.

By the Governor:
JOE E. ALEXANDER,
Private Secretary.

Notice.

Application will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, session of 1897, to charter the National Protective Association.

Car Load of Mules for Sale.

For sale at Blake's stable one car load of extra fine Kentucky mules direct from Lexington, JOE BLAKE.

Scholars Wanted.

Desirous of being occupied. I would take charge of ten or twelve children at my residence. Best of care would be exercised in regard to their moral, mental and physical culture. Can prepare them for any ordinary business of life. Address,

W. T. WOMBLE,
636 East Hargett Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Heirs of Ex-Slaves.

A bill is in process of preparation providing for an amendment to rule 13, section 1281, of the State Code, providing that the grandchildren of ex slaves may inherit property of their grandparents. Representative McCrary is preparing the bill, and it will be introduced very probably Monday. He says that he is now winding up the estate of an ex slave, and that he leaves grandchildren as nearest relatives, and as the law now stands they cannot inherit the property.

New Names.

Subscribers to the Telephone Exchange will please add to their list the following new names:

267, Tucker, W. R., residence.
167, Raleigh Electric Company, Superintendent, residence.
266 D, Bailey, E. L., grocer.
229 C., Central Hotel.
236, Duncan, John A., broker.
268, Drewry, John C., office insurance.

The "Old Log Cabin," fourteen years old. The finest and oldest whiskey sold in the United States. I solicit inspection of barrel, age and quality. Guaranteed strictly straight, and has an evaporation of twenty gallons, leaving only twenty-five gallons in barrel. Fifteen cents per drink straight, or $2 00 per quart. Can be found only at Denton's, opposite post-office.

Remember that "Denton's" is the only first-class Saloon and Restaurant in the city.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.

The Event of the Season!

Tuesday Evening, Jan. 26.

The popular young tragedian,

James Young

will present with gorgeous scenic embellishments, Shakespeare's

HAMLET.

Twelve sets of magnificent scenery, specially painted and carried for this production.

Mr. Young is supported by MISS RIDA LOUISE JOHNSON and a company of sixteen competent and well chosen players.

Prices $1, 75, 50, 25.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE,

January 25

FOR ONE WEEK, THE

Alice Byno Co.

Miss Alice Byno, supported by Charles King, producing a repertoire of select plays at

Popular Prices, 10, 20, 30.

THE ASSIGNMENT LAW.

Mr. McCrary will Want Another one Enacted—Its Provisions.

Representative McCrary, of Davidson county, is drafting a bill looking to the re enactment of chapter 466 of the Code, regulating assignments and other conveyances. It will be remembered that a bill passed the House a few days since repealing this chapter, and the same will very probably be concurred in by the Senate. It is the act making void all bills of assignment and other conveyances which name preferred creditors. There will be some changes in the wording of the bill, but only such as will be necessary in order to comply with the order of the House in the re enacting of laws. It is Mr. McCrary's intention to introduce the bill early this week.

McDonald Leads While Others Follow.

He can sell you a home on 100 months' time. No interest. Why not stop paying rent and own your own home? It is easy enough. Only one monthly payment required to make the start. Call and see C. C. McDonald.

C. C. McDonald,

Money, Stock and Bond Broker, Real Estate Fire Insurance, 107 Fayetteville street. State Agent Southern B. and L. Association.

Think of It! Recollect It! Consider It!

Only two cents a day carries one share in the Raleigh Branch of the B. and L. Association, worth $100 at maturity. Safe, secure and sure. C. C. McDonald, State agent. Agents wanted.

A Big Fire—Thousands of Dollars Lost.

This is what we read about nearly every day. Raleigh is extremely lucky in this respect. Is your property insured? If not don't fail to attend to it at once. Why give it to C. C. McDonald? Because he represents a home company (Greensboro Stock Mutual), that pays dividends to policy-holders. Other companies pay dividends to stockholders. See the difference? It means a saving of about 20 per cent in premiums to you. Safe, sure, secure.

COMING!

Monday, Jan. 25, Academy of Music,

Rich & Maeder's Comedians,

in the screaming farce comedy,

A Pair of Jacks..

By H. Grattan Donnelly.

Brimful of Fun, Music and Laughable Situations.

"Laugh and the World Laughs with You."

St. Mary's School for Girls

RALEIGH, N. C.

Easter Term of the Fifty-fifth Year Begins

= JANUARY 28th. =

Thorough instruction offered in all Departments. Gold Medal awarded St. Mary's for the largest and most complete exhibit of School Work and apparatus at the last State Fair.

Certificate Admits to Vassar.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND OTHER INFORMATION.

Rev. B. SMEDES, A. M.

Would You Like

To rent your houses to good paying tenants, and get the money in advance? If so, put them in the hands of J. M. BROUGHTON & CO.

DO YOU WANT

To sell your property, either city or country, quick? If so make a reasonable price on it and place it with J. M. BROUGHTON & CO.

DO YOU WISH

To rent a house? See Broughton & Co. They have a number of vacant houses in different sections of the city.

ARE YOU TIRED

Paying rent and want to buy a home, or nice building lot? If so, see Broughton & Co. They have some very desirable property for sale now, both improved and unimproved, on N. Blount, N. Wilmington, N. Person and N. Halifax streets.

DO YOU WANT

To insure your property against fire? If so, see J. M. Broughton & Co. They represent several of the very best Fire Insurance Companies in the country.

IF YOU ARE BUSY

And haven't time to come to see us, drop us a card or send us a telephone message, and we will call and see you at once. Respectfully,

J. M. BROUGHTON & CO.,
8 West Martin St., Raleigh, N. C.
Phone 206 B.

The Most Serious Cutting Scrape

ever happened in Raleigh, N. C., took place in the Lyon Racket Store, 16 East Martin street yesterday, and has been pronounced fatal by all. No one lost his or her life. But high-priced goods are dead forever. We are now offering special bargains in our entire stock of Fall goods to make room for a larger stock of Spring goods than we ever carried before.

In our Stationery Department we are selling good writing paper at one cent, two cents, three cents and ten cents per quire. Good envelopes at the same, good pen tablets at four cents. We also have a few books, of noted authors, such as Elliott's works, 6 for $2.24; Sheakspeare, 4 for $1.48; Waverly Novels 10 for 3.97; Dickens' works, 15 for $4.24; Thackeray's works, 10 for $3.24.

This is only about the value of the above books, but this is what we are doing—selling things at a small profit—as we have found that it does not pay to keep goods and hold them at high prices.

On Saturday we expect to offer 50 pairs Ladie's Shoes at 50 cents per pair, and 100 pairs Men's Shoes at 90 cents. This is not half the first cost of these shoes, but they must be sold at the above prices—one pair to each buyer.

We have a nice line of Hats and Gloves we are selling at the lowest price that such articles of the same quality ever were offered in Raleigh, and all we ask to please the public is a trial, as we are sure low prices and polite clerks will do the rest.

Respectfully,

Lyon Racket Store

16 EAST MARTIN STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

It's the Price That Cuts the Ice.

LAST CALL BEFORE TAKING INVENTORY

OUR BIGGEST, BUSIEST BARGAIN WEEK

Matchless, Mastodon, Magnificent Money's Worth for the Many. The crisis is touched, the climax reached. Prices never equalled by others nor surpassed by ourselves.

Last Week of Stock Pruning.

What you do, do quickly. Delay has lost many a victory. For intrinsic and splendid value, the following quotations rank unrivalled.

Men's Flannels.

50c. White Wool Underwear,		37½c
50c. Red Flannel	"	37½c
50c. Fancy Ribbed	"	37½c
75c. Glove Fitting	"	50c
75c. Camels' Hair	"	50c
$1 Medicated Scarlet	"	75c
$1 Wright's Health	"	75c

Ladies' Woolen Underwear.

50c. Jersey Ribbed, Fleece-lined,	37½c
50c. White Merino Wool,	37½c
$1 Scarlet, All Wool,	50c
$1 Natural Undyed Wool,	50c
$1 Australian Wool,	75c
$1 Non-Shrinking Wool,	75c

About 30 pairs Ladies' Ribbed and Flat Knit Pants, were 75c, $1 and $1.25, your choice while they last at **39 Cents.**

Mens's Unlaundered Shirts, 50c. kind for	35c.
Men's Laundered Negligee, 75c. kind for	50c.
Men's Woolen ½-Hose 25c. kind for	12½c.
Men's Linen Collars, 15c. kind for	10c.

Most any price to clean these up. A small Odd lot of Corsets and Waists, worth $1 and $1.25—most anything—Say! your choice **50c.**

Half-Price Blankets.

$10 All Wool 12-4 Blankets,
$7 All Wool 10-4 Blankets,
Comforts, Quilts and Blankets at prices to close, cuts no figure.

Last Lick at This Line.

Burt & Packard's Korrect Shoes—$5 kind are now $2.50.
Gents' "Comforts" Calfskin $3.00 Welt Shoes are now

Center Table Shoe Department.

Slick Shoes Simply Sacrificed.

G. Gerstle & Co.'s Cincinnati and branded

Sherwood's Solid Service Shoes formerly $3, $2.50, $2.25 and none ever sold for less, your now of any and all

Clearing out Williams & Co.'s Line Standard Make—quality known:

Misses' $2.50 Spring Heel Shoes.
Boys' $2 Spring Heel Shoes.
Child'ns' $1.25 Spr'g Heel Shoes.

This week the above goods will be closed out—sold out or away—then our attention will be turned to Spring Business.

Sherwood Higgs Co.
SUCCESSORS TO C. A. SHERWOOD & CO.

A Public Surprise.

Our Great Inaugural Reduction Sale of Our Entire Winter Stock of SUITS, OVERCOATS and UNDERWEAR at Fifteen Per Cent. less than regular prices which started on last Monday is to continue till all Winter stock is disposed of.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE!

Many a stranger came to our Store during the past week expecting to pay regular prices for goods, but when told that we give 15 Per Cent. discount, their bills were often doubled, for such a saving is hardly expected this early in Winter.

A BRAVE REDUCTION.

We've banished every thought of profit and consideration of cost. Our purpose—one determination has taken possession of our energies—to reduce this enormous stock to its normal size, and do it without delay. There never were better Suits or Overcoats, or a better collection of Underwear worn by mortal man than you find in this house, and at 15 per cent. less than regular prices. On our Low Prices we build our hopes—to do in a day the business of a week—in a week to do what should have been accomplished in the month that's gone.

ANOTHER SPECIAL!

All the fine Derby Hats must go—$1 off the price will move them.

$4.00 DERBYS FOR $3.00
$3.00 DERBYS FOR $2.00

NOT AN OLD STYLE IN THE LOT.

These are the Hats bought this Fall, and are the best this country of England make—all sizes in newest shapes.

It is wise to be early at these Special Sales.

S. & D. BERWANGER,
One-Price Clothiers.

Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

I have on hand a very large stock of best brand of Canned Fruits and Vegetables. They were bought just before the rise and this fact enables me to sell them very cheap considering the quality.

Imported Wines.

A consignment of a few cases of Imported Wines has just been received. They are the finest ever brought to Raleigh. Try them.

M. ROSENTHAL,
GROCER,
136 Fayetteville Street.